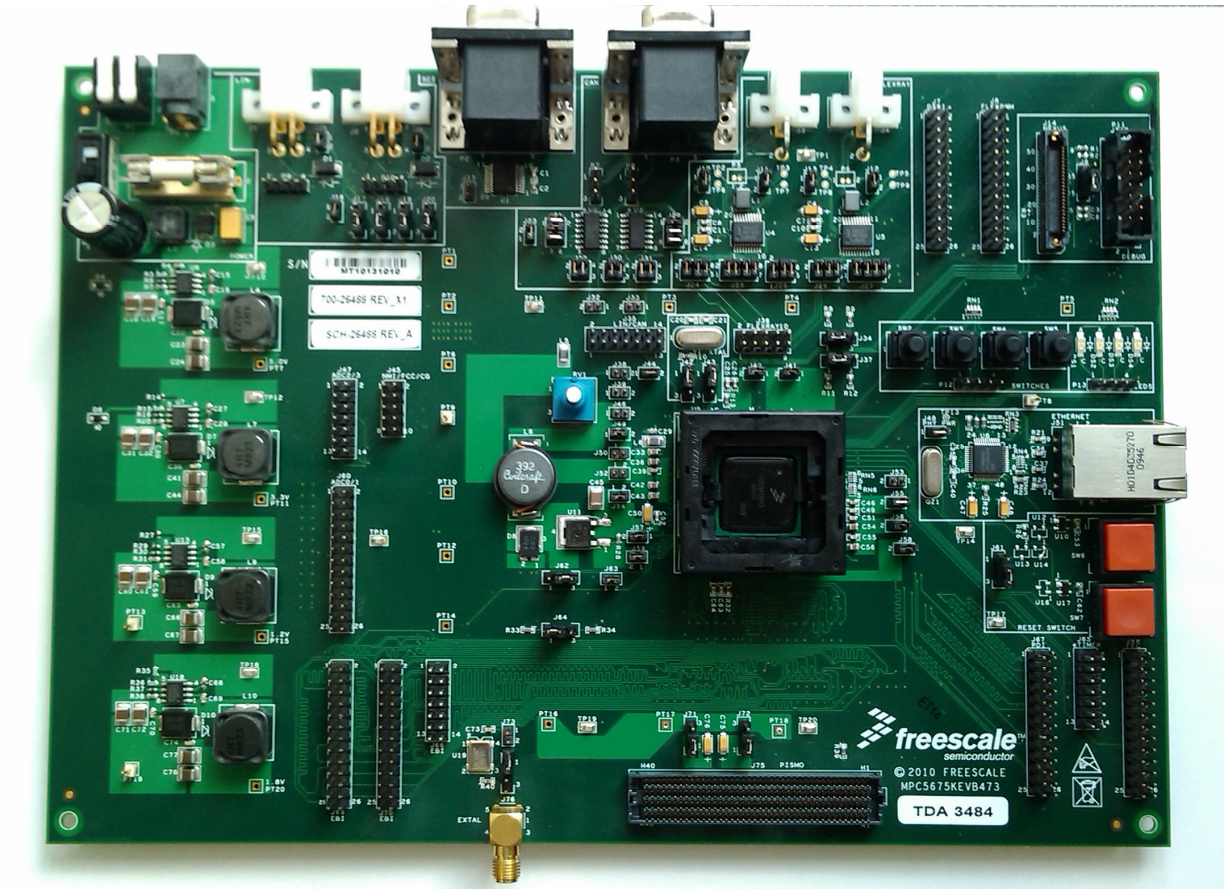

MPC5675EVB Users Manual
473 BGA Rev B

Revision 2.0

August 2010

Revision History:

Revision	Date	Author	Comment
0.1	April 2010	A. Robertson	Initial Release, RevA PCB's only.
1.2	May 2010	A. Robertson	Updated with known bugs list
2.0	July 2010	A. Robertson	Updated for new EVB Rev B

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Index of Figures and Tables

1. Introduction

This user's manual details the setup and configuration of the Freescale Semiconductor MPC5675K Evaluation Board (hereafter referred to as the EVB). The EVB is intended to provide a mechanism for easy customer evaluation of the MPC5675K family of microprocessors, and to facilitate hardware and software development.

At the time of writing this document, the MPC5675K family is offered in a 257MAPBGA and 473MAPBGA package. Both the 473MAPBGA and 257BGA packages support Nexus debug for development purposes. For the latest product information, please speak to your Freescale representative or consult the MPC5675K web pages at www.freescale.com

The EVB is intended for bench / laboratory use and has been designed using normal temperature specified components (+70°C).

This manual is written for the 473BGA, jumper numbers change between Rev_A and Rev_B so please check correct schematic and EVB.

2. EVB Features

The EVB provides the following key features:

- MCU Socket supporting the 473 BGA production package.
- Single 12V external power supply input with on-board regulators to provide all of the necessary EVB and MCU voltages. Power may be supplied to the EVB via a 2.1mm barrel style power jack or a 2-way level connector. 12V operation allows in-car use if desired.
- Flexible on-board power supply configuration with the option to bypass the internal MCU regulators if desired.
- Master power switch and regulator status LED's
- User reset switch with reset status LED's
- Control of the BOOTCFG status via a dedicated jumper.
- Flexible MCU clocking options:
  - 40MHz Oscillator Crystal
  - SMA connector to allow external clock support
  - 8Mhz Oscillator circuit.
- SMA connector on MCU-CLKOUT signal for easy access.
- Standard 14-pin ONCE JTAG debug connector and the new 50-pin Samtec ERF8 NEXUS connectors for 16MDO channels.
- All MCU signals are accessible on port-ordered groups of 0.1" pitch headers.
- SCI channels A and B can be routed to a standard DB9 female connector (PC RS-232 compliant) via a Maxim physical interface.
- FlexCAN channels A and B can be routed to 0.1" headers and DB9 connector via a NXP high speed CAN transceiver which supports both 3.3V and 5V inputs.
- FlexCAN channels are routed to the prototyping area with DB9 connectors to allow additions CAN physical interfaces to be easily integrated.
- User prototyping area consisting of a 0,1" grid of through hole pads with easy access to the EVB ground and power supply rails.
- Ethernet signals routed to a National Semiconductor physical interface and Pulsejack RJ45 connector with integrated magnetics.
- LINFLEX Molex Connector and 0.1" 4 pin header are available.
- FLEXRAY CON PLUG Connector is available.
- A PISMO connector is available for DDR memory types from Micron
- 4 active low LED's and 4 pushbutton switches for development purposes.
- Jumper selectable variable resistor connected to ADC channel 0, driving between VRH and VRL.
- Liberal scattering of GND test points (surface mount loops) placed throughout the EVB.

IMPORTANT

Before the EVB is used or power is applied, please fully read the following sections on how to correctly configure the board.

Failure to correctly configure the board may cause irreparable component, MCU or EVB damage.

3. Configuration

This section details the configuration of each of the EVB functional blocks.

Throughout this document, all of the default jumper and switch settings are clearly marked with "**(D)**" and are shown in blue text. This should allow a more rapid return to the default state of the EVB if required. Note that the default configuration for 3-way jumpers is a header fitted between pins 1 and 2. On the EVB, 2-way and 3-way jumpers have been aligned such that Pin 1 is either to the top or to the left of the jumper. On 2-way jumpers, the source of the signal is connected to Pin 1.

The EVB has been designed with ease of use in mind and has been segmented into functional blocks as shown below. Detailed silkscreen legend has been used throughout the board to identify all switches, jumpers and user connectors.

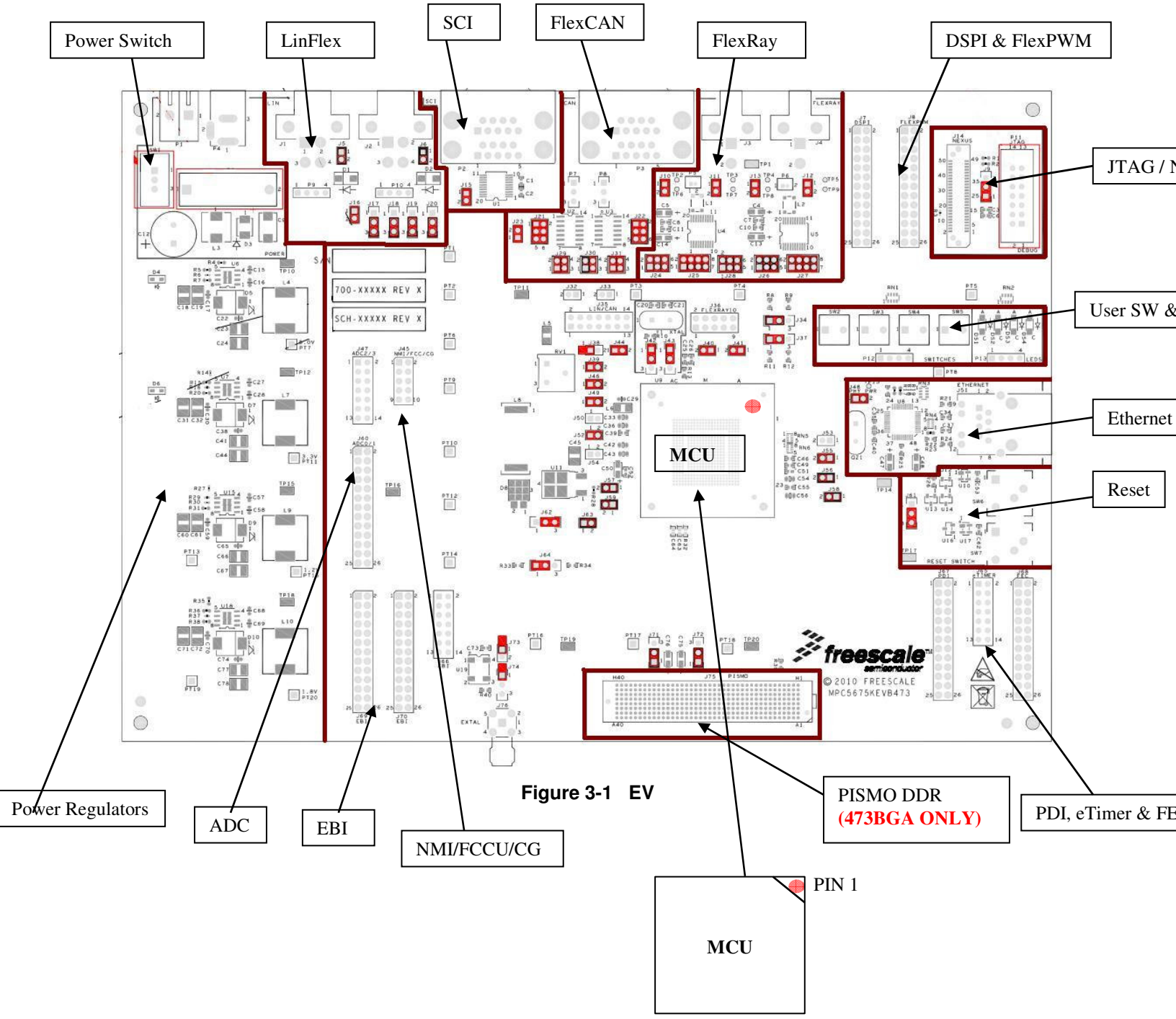


Figure 3-1 EV

3.1 Power Supply Configuration

The EVB requires an external power supply voltage of 12V DC, minimum 1A. This allows the EVB to be easily used in a vehicle if required. The single input voltage is regulated on-board using switching regulators to provide the necessary EVB and MCU operating voltages of 5.0V, 3.3V 1.8v and 1.2V (257BGA does not have the 1.8v supply). For flexibility there are two different power supply input connectors on the EVB as detailed below.

3.1.1 Power Supply Connectors

2.1mm Barrel Connector – P4:

This connector should be used to connect the supplied wall-plug mains adapter. Note – if a replacement or alternative adapter is used, care must be taken to ensure the 2.1mm plug uses the correct polarisation as shown below:

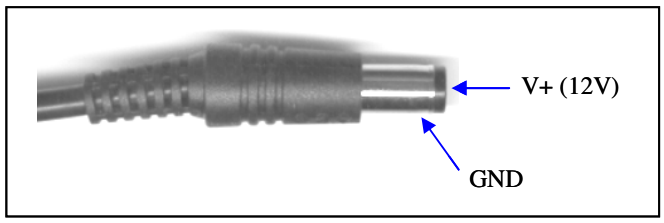


Figure 3-2 2.1mm Power Connector

2-Way Lever Connector – P1:

This can be used to connect a bare wire lead to the EVB, typically from a laboratory power supply. The polarisation of the connectors is clearly marked on the EVB. Care must be taken to ensure correct connection.

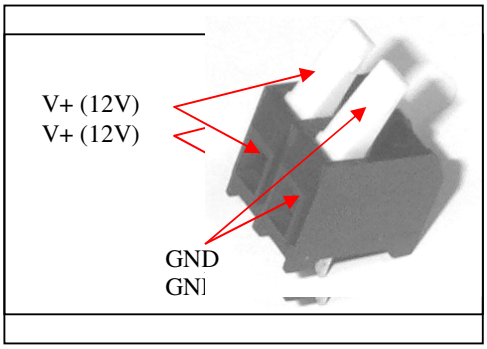


Figure 3-3 2-Lever Power Connector

3.1.2 Power Switch (SW1)

Slide switch SW1 can be used to isolate the power supply input from the EVB voltage regulators if required.

Position 1 will turn the EVB **OFF**
Position 2 will turn the EVB **ON**

3.1.3 Power Status LED's and Fuse

When power is applied to the EVB, a green power LED's adjacent to the voltage regulators show the presence of the 12v supply voltages.

If there is no power to the MCU it is possible that either power switch SW1 is in the "OFF" position or that the fuse F1 has blown. The fuse will blow if power is applied to the EVB in reverse-bias, where a protection diode ensures that the main fuse blows rather than causing damage to the EVB circuitry. If the fuse has blown, check the bias of your power supply connection then replace fuse F1 with a 20mm 500mA fast blow fuse.

3.1.4 MCU Supply Routing and Jumpers (J78, J79)

The EVB is designed to run the MCU at 3.3v with the option to run the ADC and the ballast circuitry at 5v.

The MCUs ADC and ballast circuitry can be operated in 5v and 3.3v modes by changing J78 (ADC) and J79 (PMU) to the 3.3v or 5V jumper position.

The FLEXCAN and FlexRay circuitry also has 5V supplies to the transceivers.

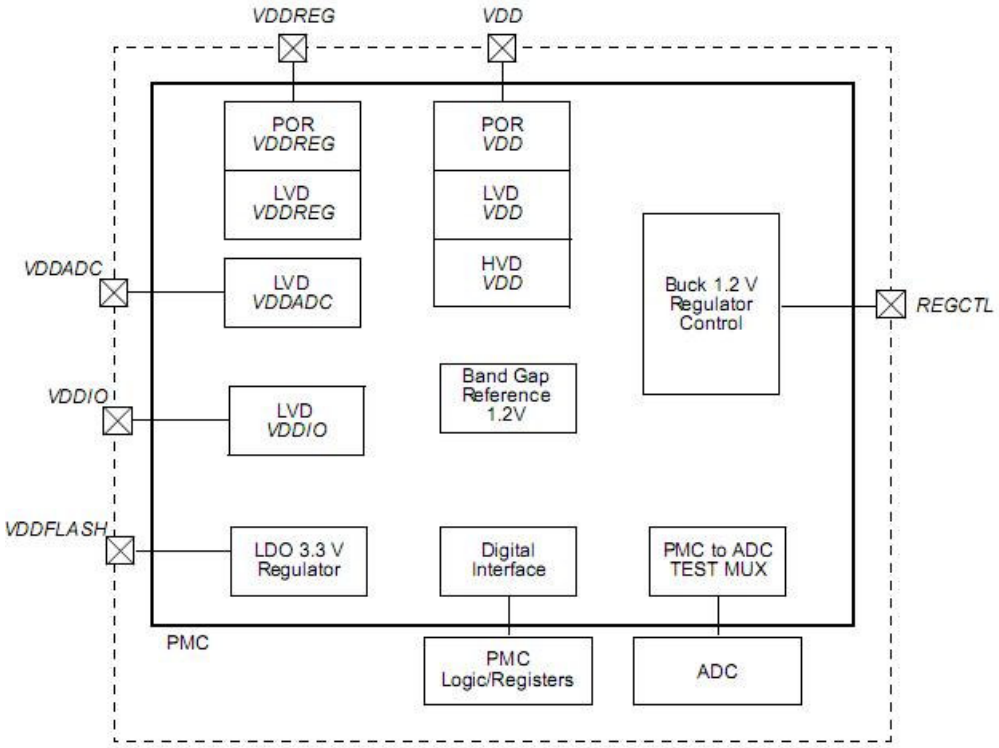


Table 3-1 MCU Power Supply Jumpers

Power Domain	Jumper	Position	Description
3.3V	**J41 (VDD_HV_IO)**	1-2 **(D)**	This supplies the IO with 3.3v
3.3v/1.8v	**J63 (VDD_HV_DRAM)**	1-2 **(D)** Position 2	3.3 V to supply HV_DRAM with 1.8v option External supplies can be added to pin 2 if extra DRAM voltages are required.
GND	**J58 (VDD_DRAM_VTT)**	1-2 **(D)**	Grounded for Mobile DDR termination External supplies can be added to pin 2 if extra DRAM voltages are required
3.3v	**J55 (VDD_HV_FLA)**	1-2 **(D)**	3.3v supply to HV_FLA
3.3v	**J56 (VDD_HV_PDI)**	1-2 **(D)**	3.3v to supply PDI External supplies can be added to pin 2 if extra PDI voltages are required.
3.3v	**J40 (VDD_HV_OSC)**	1-2 **(D)**	3.3v to Oscillator circuitry
3.3v	**J44 (VDD_HV_ADV)**	1-2 **(D)**	3.3v to ADC circuitry
3.3v/5.0v	**J78 (VDD_HV_ADR)**	1-2 **(D)**	ADC Reference voltage 3.3v ADC Reference voltage 5.0v
1.2v	**J46 (VDD_LV_COR)**	1-2 **(D)**	Supplies the core with 1.2v in external mode ONLY. Do not populate if generating core voltage from internal VREG. This may damage the device.
3.3v/5.0v	**J79 (VDD_HV_PMU)**	2-3 **(D)**	3.3v supply for the PMU(VREG). 5.0v supply for the PMU(VREG).
1.2v	**J59 (VREG_CTRL)**	1-2	This should always be populated
3.3v/5.0v	**J57 (PMU)**	1-2	This should always be populated

The jumper configuration shown in Table 3-1, details the default state (D) of the EVB. In this configuration all power is supplied from the regulators.

3.2 MCU Clock Control

3.2.1 Main Clock Selection (J42, J43, J73 and J74)

The EVB supports three possible MCU clock sources:

(1) The local 40MHz oscillator circuit
(2) An 4MHz oscillator module on the EVB (U19), driving the MCU EXTAL signal
(3) An external clock input to the EVB via the SMA connector (J76), driving the MCU EXTAL signal

The clock circuitry is shown in the diagram below. Please refer to the appropriate EVB schematic for specific jumper numbers and circuitry.

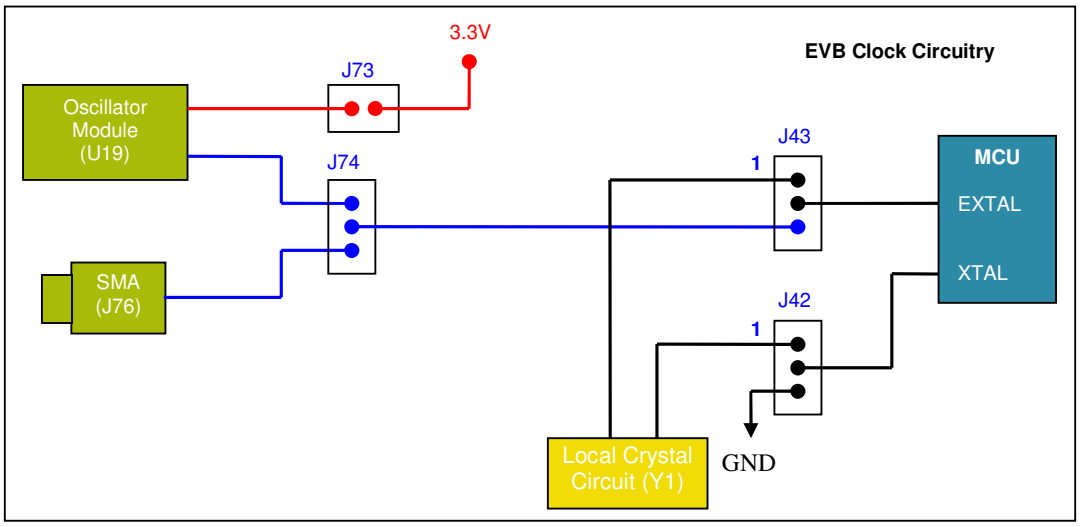


Figure 3-4 EVB Clock Selection

Table 3-2 Clock Source Jumper Selection

Jumper	Position	PCB Legend	Description
J73 (U19 PWR)	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED		EVB oscillator module U19 is powered EVB oscillator module U19 is not powered
J74 (OSC SEL)	1-2 **(D)** 2-3	MOD SMA	8Mhz Oscillator is routed from U19 SMA external square wave input
J42 **Must Match J43**	1-2 **(D)**	Y1	MCU Clock is Y1 XTALIN
	2-3	GND	GND
J43 **Must Match J42**	1-2 **(D)**	Y1	MCU Clock is Y1 XTALOUT
	2-3	EVB	MCU Clock is Selected by J74

Note that the 3.3V regulator must be enabled when using oscillator module Y1.

CAUTION

The MPC5675K clock circuitry is all 3.3v based. Any external clock signal driven into the SMA connector must have a maximum voltage of 3.3V.

3.2.2 Reset Boot Configuration (J69, J34, J37)

The MPC5675 has 3 boot configuration jumpers (BOOTCFG) that determines the boot location of the MCU based at POR (Power On Reset). This is shown in the table below:

Table 3-3 BOOTCFG Control

J64 (FAB)	J37 (ABS2)	J34 (ABS0)	Boot ID	Boot Mode
2-3	1-2	1-2	-	Serial Boot LINFlex
2-3	1-2	2-3	-	Serial Boot FlexCAN
2-3	2-3	1-2	-	Serial Boot via LINFlexD or FlexCAN in autobaud
1-2	-	-	Valid	SC (Single Chip)
1-2	-	-	Not Valid	Safe Mode

3.3 ONCE and Nexus

The EVB supports a standard JTAG / ONCE cable with a 14-pin 0.1” walled header footprint. There is also a 50-pin Samtec ERF8 connector for Nexus debug.

3.3.1 Debug Connector Pinouts

The EVB is fitted with 14-pin JTAG / ONCE and 50-pin Nexus debug connectors. The following diagram shows the 14-pin JTAG / ONCE connector pin out (0.1” keyed header).

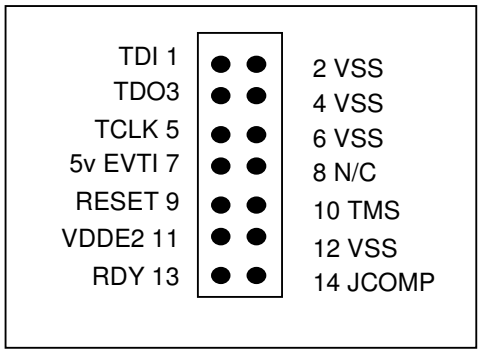


Figure 3-5. MPC5675 JTAG / ONCE Connector

The Nexus module used on the MPC5675K family uses the JTAG pins (for control of the Nexus block) along with additional Nexus pins for trace messages. Nexus mode is entered by a JTAG sequence whereby the Nexus EVTI pin is sampled on the rising edge of the JTAG TRST pin. If the EVTI is asserted on TRST, Nexus is enabled.

The table below shows the pin out of the 50-pin Samtec ERF8 Nexus connector for the MPC5675K. The new 50 pin Nexus connector has been used to support the new 16 MDO channels.

Table 3-4. NEXUS Debug Connector Pinout

Pin No	Function	BGA		Pin No	Function	BGA
1	MSEO[0]	H3		2	V_DEBUG	E1
3	MSEO[1]	G4		4	TCK	TCK
5	GND	GND		6	TMS	TMS
7	MDO0	E1		8	TDI	TDI
9	MDO1	D1		10	TDO	TDO
11	GND	GND		12	JCOMP	JCOMP
13	MDO2	E2		14	RDY	J1
15	MDO3	D2		16	EVTI	H4
17	GND	GND		18	EVTO	H1
19	MCKO	G1		20	JTAG RST	JTAG RST
21	MDO4	F4		22	RESET OUT	RESET OUT
23	GND	GND		24	GND	GND
25	MDO5	A4		26	-	
27	MDO6	F3		28	-	
29	GND	GND		30	GND	GND
31	MDO7	A5		32	-	
33	MDO8	G3		34	-	
35	GND	GND		36	GND	GND
37	MDO9	A6		38	-	
39	MDO10	F1		40	-	
41	GND	GND		42	GND	GND
43	MDO11	F2		44	MDO13	J2
45	MDO12	J3		46	MDO14	B5
47	GND	GND		48	GND	GND
49	MDO15	C2		50	-	

Note - In order to preserve the ability to accurately measure power consumption on the MCU pins, the JTAG and Nexus connector reference voltages will be sourced directly from the 5V regulator.

3.4 CAN Configuration (J21, J22, J29, J30, J31)

The EVB has 2x NXP TJA1041T high speed CAN transceiver on the MCU CAN-A and CAN-B channels. These can operate with 5v or 3.3v I/O from the MCU. For flexibility, the CAN transceiver I/O is connected to a standard 0.1" connector and DB9 connector at the top edge of the PCB. Connectors P8 and P3A provides the CAN bus level signal interface for CAN-A and connector P7 and P3B for CAN-B. The pin out for these connectors is shown below.

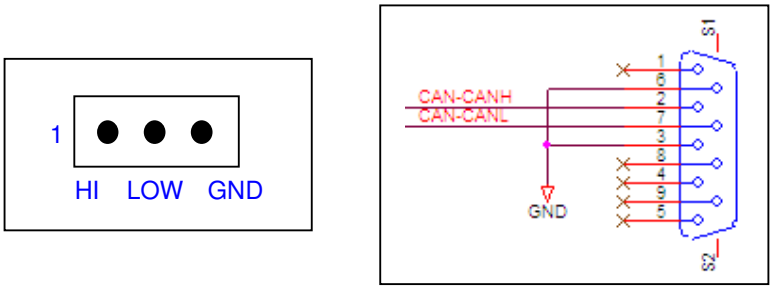


Figure 3-6 CAN Physical Interface Connector

Each of the MCU signals to the CAN transceivers is jumpered, allowing the transceiver to be isolated if that MCU pin is not configured or used for CAN operation. There is a 2x2 jumper for each CAN channel (one for Rx, one for Tx). There are also two power jumpers (J30) to physically remove power (12v and 5v) from both of the CAN transceivers. Jumpers J21 (CAN B) and J22 (CAN A) are configuration jumpers for each of the Transceivers to control Wake, Standby and Enable. Jumpers can be fitted to select default values or wires can be used to connect these pins to the MCU.

Table 3-5 CAN Control Jumpers (J30, J31, J21, J22)

Jumper	Position	PCB Legend	Description
J30 Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED		5v is applied to both CAN transceivers VCC No 5v power is applied to CAN transceivers
J30 Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED		12v Power is applied to both CAN transceivers VBAT No 12v power is applied to CAN transceivers
J31 (CAN-A) Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	TX	MCU CAN0_TXD is connected to CAN controller A MCU CAN0_TXD is NOT routed to CAN controller.
J31 (CAN-A) Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	RX	MCU CAN0_RXD is connected to CAN controller A MCU CAN0_RXD is NOT routed to CAN controller.
J29 (CAN-B) Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	TX	MCU CAN1_TXD is connected to CAN controller B MCU CAN1_TXD is NOT routed to CAN controller.
J29 (CAN-B) Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	RX	MCU CAN1_RXD is connected to CAN controller B MCU CAN1_RXD is NOT routed to CAN controller.
J21 & J22 Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	WAKE	CAN Transceiver WAKE is connected to GND WAKE is not connected and available on Pin 2
J21 & J22 Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	STB	CAN Transceiver STB is connected to 5v STB is not connected and available on Pin 4
J21 & J22 Posn 5-6	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	EN	CAN Transceiver is Enabled EN is not connected and available on Pin 6

Access to the Error and inhibit signals from the transceivers is provided on J32 and J33.

Notes

- Care should be taken when fitting the jumper headers as they can easily be fitted in the incorrect orientation.

3.5 RS232 Configuration (J5,J6,J15, J16, J23)

The EVB has a single MAX3223 RS232 transceiver device, providing RS232 signal translation for the MCU SCI channels A and B.

Each of the two RS232 outputs from the MAX3223 device is connected to a DB9 connector, allowing a direct RS232 connection to a PC or terminal. Connector P2A provides the RS232 level interface for MCU SCI-A and P2B for MCU SCI-B. The pinout of these connectors is detailed below. Note that hardware flow control is not supported on this implementation.

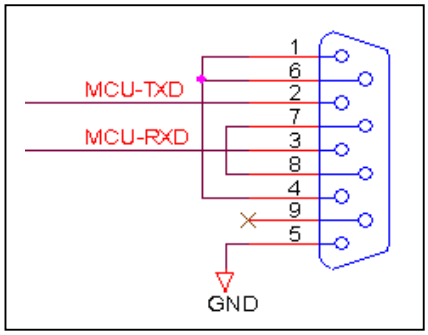


Figure 3-7 RS232 Physical Interface Connector

The MPC5675 SCI also provides hardware LIN master capability which is supported on the EVB via LIN transceivers. Jumpers J17, J18, J23 and J24 are provided to isolate the MCU SCI signals from the RS232 interface as described below. There is also a global power jumper (J15) controlling the power to the RS232 transceiver.

Table 3-6 RS232 Control Jumpers

Jumper	Position	Description
J15 (SCI-PWR)	FITTED **(D)**	Power is applied to the MAX3223 transceiver
	REMOVED	No power is applied to the MAX3223 transceiver
J18 (SCI-A)	2-3	MCU TXD-A is routed to MAX3223
	REMOVED	MCU TXD-A signal is disconnected from CAN/LIN
J17 (SCI-A)	2-3	MCU RXD-A is routed via MAX3223
	REMOVED	MCU RXD-A signal is disconnected from CAN/LIN
J19 (SCI-B)	2-3	MCU TXD-B is routed via MAX3223
	REMOVED	MCU TXD-B signal is disconnected from CAN/LIN
J20 (SCI-B)	2-3	MCU RXD-B is routed via MAX3223
	REMOVED	MCU RXD-B signal is disconnected from CAN/LIN

The default configuration enables SCI-A and SCI-B channels. RS232 compliant interfaces (with no hardware flow control) are available at DB9 connector P1. If the MCU is configured such that SCI-A or SCI-B is set as a normal I/O port, then the relevant jumpers must be removed to avoid any conflicts occurring. If required, jumper J15 can be used to completely disable the SCI transceiver.

LIN Configuration (J5, J6, J16, J23,J18,J17,J19,J20)

The EVB is fitted with two Freescale MCZ33661EF LIN transceivers. The LINFLEX module incorporates a UART mode, and as such, the LIN transceivers are connected to the TX and RX signals of SCI via UART A and B.

For flexibility, the LIN transceivers are connected to a standard 0.1" connector (P9 for LIN-C and P10 for LIN-D) and a 4 pin molex connector (J1 for LIN-A and J2 for LIN-B) at the top edge of the PCB as shown in the figure below.

For ease of use, the 12V EVB supply is fed to pin1 of the P9, P10 headers and the LIN transceiver power input to pin 2. This allows the LIN transceiver to be powered directly from the EVB supply by simply linking pins 1 and 2 of header P9/P10 using a 0.1" jumper shunt.

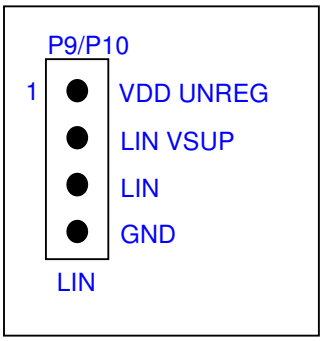


Figure 3-8 LIN Physical Interface Connectors

Along with the MCU signal routing jumpers (J17 / J18 /J19 / J20), there is are jumpers (J16 / J23) to enable or disable the LIN transceiver and jumpers (J5 and J6) which determines if the LIN transceiver is operating in master or slave mode, as defined in the table below.

Table 3-7 LIN Control Jumpers

Jumper	Position	Description
J5	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	LIN-A transceiver is configured for LIN Master mode LIN-A transceiver is configured for LIN Slave mode
J6	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	LIN-B transceiver is configured for LIN Master mode LIN-B transceiver is configured for LIN Slave mode
J16	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	The LIN-A transceiver is enabled The LIN-A transceiver is disabled
J23	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	The LIN-B transceiver is enabled The LIN-B transceiver is disabled
J18	2-3 1-2	MCU LIN0_TXD is connected to SCI_A TX MCU LIN0_TXD is connected to LIN Physical
J17	2-3 1-2	MCU LIN0_RXD is connected to SCI_A TX MCU LIN0_RXD is connected to LIN Physical
J19	2-3 1-2	MCU LIN1_TXD is connected to SCI_B TX MCU LIN1_TXD is connected to LIN Physical
J20	2-3 1-2	MCU LIN1_RXD is connected to SCI_B TX MCU LIN1_RXD is connected to LIN Physical

** Note – Jumpers J16/J23 do NOT route power to LIN transceivers, they only control an enable line on the LIN device. Power to the LIN transceiver is supplied via connectors P9/ P10, Pin 2.*

The Default LIN configuration is with the module enabled in master mode, LIN slave mode can be enabled by removing jumpers J5 / J6.

3.6 FlexRAY Configuration (J19, J27, J25, J26, J28)

The EVB is fitted with 2 FlexRAY physical interfaces connected to MCU FlexRAY channels A and B. Jumpers J19 and J27 are provided to route the respective MCU signals to the physical interfaces as described below.

Table 3-8 Flexray MCU Signal Routing Jumpers (J19, J27)

Jumper	Position	PCB Legend	Description
J26 (Flex-A) Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	TX	MCU B8 is connected to Flexray A transceiver TX MCU B8 is not connected to Flexray A transceiver TX
J26 (Flex-A) Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	TXEN	MCU A8 is connected to Flexray A transceiver TXEN MCU A8 is not connected to Flexray A transceiver TXEN
J26 (Flex-A) Posn 5-6	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	RX	MCU E3 is connected to Flexray A transceiver RX MCU E3 is not connected to Flexray A transceiver RXEN
J24 (Flex-B) Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	TX	MCU A7 is connected to Flexray B transceiver TX MCU A7 is not connected to Flexray B transceiver TX
J24 (Flex-B) Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	TXEN	MCU B7 is connected to Flexray B transceiver TXEN MCU B7 is not connected to Flexray B transceiver TXEN
J24(Flex-B) Posn 5-6	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	RX	MCU C5 is connected to Flexray B transceiver RX MCU C5 is not connected to Flexray B transceiver RXEN

The power to the Flexray physical interface is controlled via jumper J28 to allow disconnection if required.

Table 3-9 Flexray Power Control Jumpers (J25)

Jumper	Position	PCB Legend	Description
J28 (Flex-PWR) Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	12V	12V Flexray circuitry is powered from main 12V input 12V Flexray circuitry is not powered
J28 (Flex-PWR) Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	5V	5V Flexray circuitry is powered from 5.0V switching reg 5V Flexray circuitry is not powered
J28 (Flex-PWR) Posn 5-6	FITTED **(D)** REMOVED	VIO	VIO Flexray circuitry is powered from 3.3v VIO Flexray circuitry is not powered

The flexray interface has 4 pins which are used for configuration and are pulled high or low controlled by a jumper as described in the table below. By default, all of the jumper headers are fitted. Please consult the Flexray physical interface specification before changing any of these jumpers.

Table 3-10 Flexray Control Jumpers (J26, J28)

Jumper	Position	PCB Legend	Description
J27 (Flex-A) Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)**	BGE	Flexray-A interface BGE signal is pulled to VIO
	REMOVED		Flexray-A interface BGE signal is unterminated
J27 (Flex-A) Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)**	EN	Flexray-A interface EN signal is pulled to VIO
	REMOVED		Flexray-A interface EN signal is unterminated
J27 (Flex-A) Posn 5-6	FITTED **(D)**	STBEN	Flexray-A interface STBN signal is pulled to VIO
	REMOVED		Flexray-A interface STBN signal is unterminated
J27 (Flex-A) Posn 7-8	FITTED **(D)**	WAKE	Flexray-A interface WAKE signal is pulled to GND
	REMOVED		Flexray-A interface WAKE signal is unterminated
J25 (Flex-B) Posn 1-2	FITTED **(D)**	BGE	Flexray-B interface BGE signal is pulled to VIO
	REMOVED		Flexray-B interface BGE signal is unterminated
J25 (Flex-B) Posn 3-4	FITTED **(D)**	EN	Flexray-B interface EN signal is pulled to VIO
	REMOVED		Flexray-B interface EN signal is unterminated
J25 (Flex-B) Posn 5-6	FITTED **(D)**	STBEN	Flexray-B interface STBN signal is pulled to VIO
	REMOVED		Flexray-B interface STBN signal is unterminated
J25 (Flex-B) Posn 7-8	FITTED **(D)**	WAKE	Flexray-B interface WAKE signal is pulled to GND
	REMOVED		Flexray-B interface WAKE signal is unterminated

Notes:

- *The flexray physical interfaces are connected to 2 pin molex connectors (FlexRAY A) 1.25mm shrouded 2-pin connectors to connect to the flexray bus (as are standard fit on many Freescale development platforms using flexray).*

Important:

A 40Mhz oscillator is required for the correct operation of the flexray controller. Please ensure that the 40Mhz crystal is selected as the system clock or use a 40Mhz external clock source.

3.7 Ethernet

The EVB is fitted with a National Semiconductor DP8348C Ethernet physical interface (U8) and a RJ45 connector with integrated activity LED's and magnetics (J51).

The National Semiconductor DP8348C physical interface is connected to the MII on the MPC5675. This is a fixed connection with no means of isolation. Pullups are also also present on some of these signals. These are detailed in the table below. Please be aware of this when using the related GPIOs.

Table 3-11 Pull up/ Pull down resistors for Ethernet Physical

Port Pin	Pull Direction	Strength
FEC_CRS	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_RX_ER	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_RX_DV	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_RXD0	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_RXD1	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_RXD2	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_RXD3	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_TX_EN	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_TXD0	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_TXD1	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_TXD2	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ
FEC_TXD3	Down (GND)	2.2kΩ

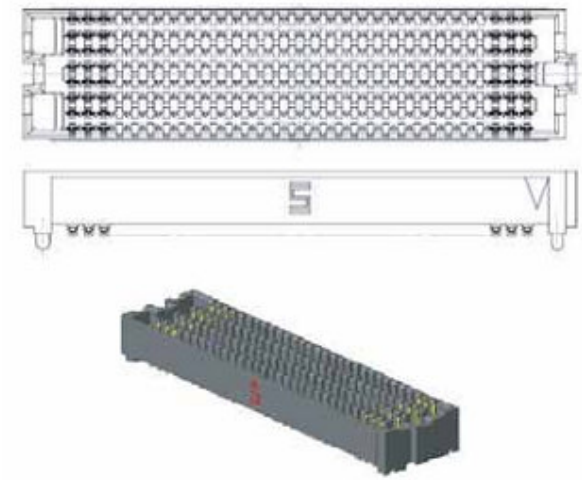
The voltage domain that is used by the GPIO should be set to 3.3v when power is applied to the physical interface.

Power can be removed from the physical interface via J48.

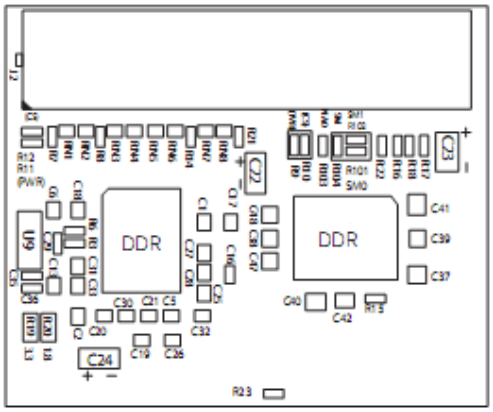
Table 3-12 Ehternet Physical Interface Power Supply Enabled (J48)

Jumper	Position	PCB Legend	Description
J48 (PHY PWR)	FITTED (D) REMOVED	**PHY PWR**	The DP4348C Ethernet Physical Interface is powered from the 3.3v SR. The DP4348C Ethernet Physical Interface is not powered

3.8 PISMO DRAMC Connector



The PISMO02-00040 board connector provided by Samtec is available for connecting DDR1, DDR2 or mDDR (LPDDR) to the EVB. Appropriate RAM daughter cards are available from Micron. Such as PISMO2 00002 (MT47H128M16HG-25:A)



4. Default Jumper Summary Table

473BGA ONLY

The following table details the DEFAULT jumper configuration of the EVB as explained in detail in section 3. 473BGA ONLY

Table 4-1 Default Jumper Positions

Jumper Reference	Default Setting	Jump Count	Description
J77	ON	1	NOW BEEN REMOVED from Rev_B
J41	ON	1	Power on VDD_HV_IO is enabled
J63	Short 2-3	1	Power on VDD_HV_DRAM is 3.3V
J58	ON	1	VDD_HV_DRAM_VTT is grounded.
J55	ON	1	Power on VDD_HV_FLA is enabled
J56	ON	1	Power on VDD_HV_PDI is enabled
J40	ON	1	Power on VDD_HV_OSC is enabled
J44	ON	1	Power on VDD_HV_ADV is enabled
J78	Short 1-2	1	Power on VDD_HV_ADR is 5.0V
J46	OFF	0	Power on VDD_LV_COR is disabled
J59	ON	1	Internal power is enabled
J57	ON	1	Internal power is enabled
J79	Short 2-3	1	Internal power is enabled and 3.3V to VDD_PMU
J62	Short 2-3	1	Internal power is enabled
J83	Short1-2	1	VPP_TEST is tied to GND
J38	OFF (place on PIN1 only)	1	POTS on ADC0 is disabled
J61	Short 2-3	1	PW_ON_RESET is tied to ground
J64	Short 1-2	1	MCRGM_FAB is tied to ground
J34	Short 1-2	1	MCRGM_ABS0 is tied to ground
J37	Short 1-2	1	MCRGM_ABS2 is tied to ground
J43	Short 1-2	1	Use on board 40.0MHz crystal
J42	Short 1-2	1	Use on board 40.0MHz crystal
J73	OFF (place on PIN1 only)	1	Use on board 40.0MHz crystal
J74	OFF (place on PIN1 only)	1	Use on board 40.0MHz crystal
J71	Short 1-2	1	Power on PISMO_DM_VCC is 3.3V
J72	Short 1-2	1	Power on PISMO_DM_VIO is 3.3V
J48	ON	1	Power on Ethernet PHY is enabled
J30	ON	2	Power on CAN PHY is enabled
J31	ON	2	CANA TXD & RXD are connected to MCU
J22	ON	3	CANA control signals are on
J29	ON	2	CANB TXD & RXD are connected to MCU
J21	ON	3	CANB control signals are on
J18	Short 2-3	1	UART TXD is connected to MCU
J17	Short 2-3	1	UART RXD is connected to MCU
J19	Short 2-3	1	UART TXD is connected to MCU
J20	Short 2-3	1	UART RXD is connected to MCU
J16	ON	1	Power on LINC is enabled
J5	ON	1	LINC Bus Master Mode is enabled
J23	ON	1	Power on LIND is enabled
J6	ON	1	LIND Bus Master Mode is enabled
J15	ON	1	Power on SCI is enabled
J28	ON	3	Power on Flexray is enabled

J26	ON	3	FlexrayA data signals are connected to MCU
J27	ON	4	FlexrayA control signals are on
J24	ON	3	FlexrayB data signals are connected to MCU
J25	ON	4	FlexrayB control signals are on
J13	ON	1	FlexrayA decoupling capacitor is disabled
J12	ON	1	FlexrayA decoupling capacitor is disabled
J10	ON	1	FlexrayB decoupling capacitor is disabled
J11	ON	1	FlexrayB decoupling capacitor is disabled
J39	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_B1 is enabled to LED
J49	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_B0 is enabled to LED
J50	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_A3 is enabled to LED
J52	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_A2 is enabled to LED
J54	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_X2 is enabled to LED
J80	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_X3 is enabled to LED
J81	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_A1 is enabled to LED
J82	ON	1	FLEXPWM0_B3 is enabled to LED

5. User Connector Descriptions

This section details the pinout of the EVB user connectors. The connectors are 0.1 inch pitch turned pin headers and are located at various locations on the EVB. They are grouped by port functionality and the PCB legend shows the respective port number adjacent to each pin.

5.1.1 eTimer (Connector J65)

Table 5-1 eTimer Connector Pinout (J65)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	ETIMER0_ETC0	2	ETIMER1_ETC0
3	ETIMER0_ETC1	4	ETIMER1_ETC1
5	ETIMER0_ETC2	6	ETIMER1_ETC2
7	ETIMER0_ETC3	8	ETIMER1_ETC3
9	ETIMER0_ETC4	10	ETIMER1_ETC4
11	ETIMER0_ETC5	12	ETIMER1_ETC5
13	GND	14	GND

5.1.2 ADC 0/1 (Connector J60)

Table 5-2 ADC 0/1 Connector Pinout (J60)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	ADC0_AN0	4	ADC1_AN0
5	ADC0_AN1	6	ADC1_AN1
7	ADC0_AN2	8	ADC1_AN2
9	ADC0_AN3	10	ADC1_AN3
11	ADC0_AN4	12	ADC1_AN4
13	ADC0_AN5	14	ADC1_AN5
15	ADC0_AN6	16	ADC1_AN6
17	ADC0_AN7	18	ADC1_AN7
19	ADC0_AN8	20	ADC1_AN8
21	ADC0_ADC1_AN11	22	ADC0_ADC1_AN13
23	ADC0_ADC1_AN12	24	ADC0_ADC1_AN14
25	GND	26	GND

5.1.3 ADC 2/3 (Connector J47)

Table 5-3 ADC 2/3 Connector Pinout (J47)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	ADC2_AN0	2	ADC3_AN0
3	ADC2_AN1	4	ADC3_AN1
5	ADC2_AN2	6	ADC3_AN2
7	ADC2_AN3	8	ADC3_AN3
9	ADC2_ADC3_AN 11	10	ADC2_ADC3_AN 13
11	ADC2_ADC3_AN 12	12	ADC2_ADC3_AN 14
13	GND	14	GND

5.1.4 EBI (Connector J66, J69, J70)

Table 5-4 EBI Connector Pinout (J66)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	EBI_CS0	4	EBI_WE_BE_0
5	EBI_CS1	6	EBI_WE_BE_1
7	EBI_OE	8	EBI_WE_BE_2
9	EBI_TS	10	EBI_WE_BE_3
11	EBI_BDIP	12	EBI_CLKOUT

Table 5-5 EBI Connector Pinout (J69)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	EBI_ADD12 / EBI_ALE	4	EBI_ADD11 / EBI_TEA
5	EBI_ADD13	6	EBI_ADD10 / EBI_TA
7	EBI_ADD14	8	EBI_ADD9 / EBI_CS3
9	EBI_ADD15	10	EBI_ADD8 / EBI_CS2
11	GND	12	GND
13	GND	14	GND
15	EBI_D0 / EBI_ADD16	16	EBI_D16
17	EBI_D1 / EBI_ADD17	18	EBI_D17
19	EBI_D2 / EBI_ADD18	20	EBI_D18
21	EBI_D3 / EBI_ADD19	22	EBI_D19
23	EBI_D4 / EBI_ADD20	24	EBI_D20
25	EBI_D5 / EBI_ADD21	26	EBI_D21

Table 5-6 EBI Connector Pinout (J70)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	EBI_D6 / EBI_ADD22	2	EBI_D22
3	EBI_D7 / EBI_ADD23	4	EBI_D23
5	GND	6	GND
7	EBI_D8 / EBI_ADD24	8	EBI_D24
9	EBI_D9 / EBI_ADD25	10	EBI_D25
11	EBI_D10 / EBI_ADD26	12	EBI_D26
13	EBI_D11 / EBI_ADD27	14	EBI_D27
15	EBI_D12 / EBI_ADD28	16	EBI_D28
17	EBI_D13 / EBI_ADD29	18	EBI_D29
19	EBI_D14 / EBI_ADD30	20	EBI_D30
21	EBI_D15 / EBI_ADD31	22	EBI_D31
23	GND	24	GND
25	GND	26	GND

5.1.5 NMI / FCC / CG (J45)

Table 5-7 NMI / FCC / CG Connector Pinout (J45)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	NMI	2	GND
3	GND	4	MC_CGL_CLK_OUT1
5	FCCU0_F1	6	GND
7	GND	8	MC_CGL_CLK_OUT2
9	FCCU0_F0	10	GND

5.1.6 PDI (J67)

Table 5-8 PDI Connector Pinout (J67)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	PDI_DATA0	4	PDI_DATA8
5	PDI_DATA1	6	PDI_DATA9
7	PDI_DATA2	8	PDI_DATA10
9	PDI_DATA3	10	PDI_DATA11
11	PDI_DATA4	12	PDI_DATA12
13	PDI_DATA5	14	PDI_DATA13
15	PDI_DATA6	16	PDI_DATA14
17	PDI_DATA7	18	PDI_DATA15
19	GND	20	GND
21	GND	22	PDI_FRAME_V
23	PDI_CLOCK	24	PDI_LINE_V
25	GND	26	GND

5.1.7 FLEXPWM (J8)

Table 5-9 FLEXPWM Connector Pinout (J8)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	FLEXPWM0_A0	2	FLEXPWM1_A0
3	FLEXPWM0_A1	4	FLEXPWM1_A1
5	FLEXPWM0_A2	6	FLEXPWM1_A2
7	FLEXPWM0_A3	8	FLEXPWM1_A3
9	FLEXPWM0_B0	10	FLEXPWM1_B0
11	FLEXPWM0_B1	12	FLEXPWM1_B1
13	FLEXPWM0_B2	14	FLEXPWM1_B2
15	FLEXPWM0_B3	16	FLEXPWM1_B3
17	FLEXPWM0_X0	18	FLEXPWM1_X0
19	FLEXPWM0_X1	20	FLEXPWM1_X1
21	FLEXPWM0_X2	22	FLEXPWM1_X2
23	FLEXPWM0_X3	24	FLEXPWM1_X3
25	GND	26	GND

5.1.8 FEC (J68)

Table 5-10 FEC Connector Pinout (J68)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	FEC_TX_CLK	4	FEC_RX_CLK
5	FEC_TXD0	6	FEC_RXD0
7	FEC_TXD1	8	FEC_RXD1
9	FEC_TXD2	10	FEC_RXD2
11	FEC_TXD3	12	FEC_RXD3
13	GND	14	GND
15	FEC_TX_EN	16	FEC_RX_DV
17	FEC_TX_ER	18	FEC_RX_ER
19	GND	20	GND
21	FEC_CRS	22	FEC_MDC
23	FEC_COL	24	FEC_MDIO
25		26	GND

5.1.9 FLEXRAY (J36)

Table 5-11 FLEXRAY Connector Pinout (J36)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	FLEXRAY_A_TR_EN	4	FLEXRAY_B_TR_EN
5	FLEXRAY_A_TX	6	FLEXRAY_B_TX
7	FLEXRAY_A_RX	8	FLEXRAY_B_RX
9	GND	10	GND

5.1.10 LINFLEX / FLEXCAN (J35)

Table 5-12 LIN / CAN Connector Pinout (J35)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	LIN0_TXD	4	LIN1_TXD
5	LIN0_RXD	6	LIN1_RXD
7	GND	8	GND
9	CAN0_TXD	10	CAN1_TXD
11	CAN0_RXD	12	CAN1_RXD
13	GND	14	GND

5.1.11 DSPI (J7)

Table 5-13 DSPI Connector Pinout (J7)

Pin	Function	Pin	Function
1	GND	2	GND
3	DSPI0_CS0	4	DSPI0_SCK
5	DSPI0_CS2	6	DSPI0_SIN
7	DSPI0_CS3	8	DSPI0_SOUT
9	GND	10	GND
11	DSPI1_CS0	12	DSPI1_SCK
13	DSPI1_CS2	14	DSPI1_SIN
15	DSPI1_CS3	16	DSPI1_SOUT
17	GND	18	GND
19	DSPI2_CS0	20	DSPI2_SCK
21	DSPI2_CS1	22	DSPI2_SIN
23	DSPI2_CS2	24	DSPI2_SOUT
25	GND	26	GND

6. Known Bugs List

Appendix A - EVB Schematics

MPC5675KEVB473 Evaluation Board

Table of Contents

Revisions

Rev	Description	Date	Designer
X1	Draft	January 22, 2010	Qiao Jun
X2	Draft 2	January 29, 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
X3	Draft 3	Febuary 2, 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
X4	Draft 4	Febuary 6 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
X5	Draft 5	Febuary 9 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
X6	Split ONLY for MPC5675K 473BGA	Febuary 10 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
X7	reset circuitry update	Febuary 11 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
X8	Various updates on pages	Febuary 15 2010	Robertson Andrew
X9	Back annotate	Febuary 23 2010	Qiao Jun
A	Release	Febuary 26 2010	Qiao Jun
A1	Revise	June 20 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
A2	Revise	June 22 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
A3	Revise	June 24 2010	Robertson Andrew & Qiao Jun
B	Release	July 8 2010	Qiao Jun

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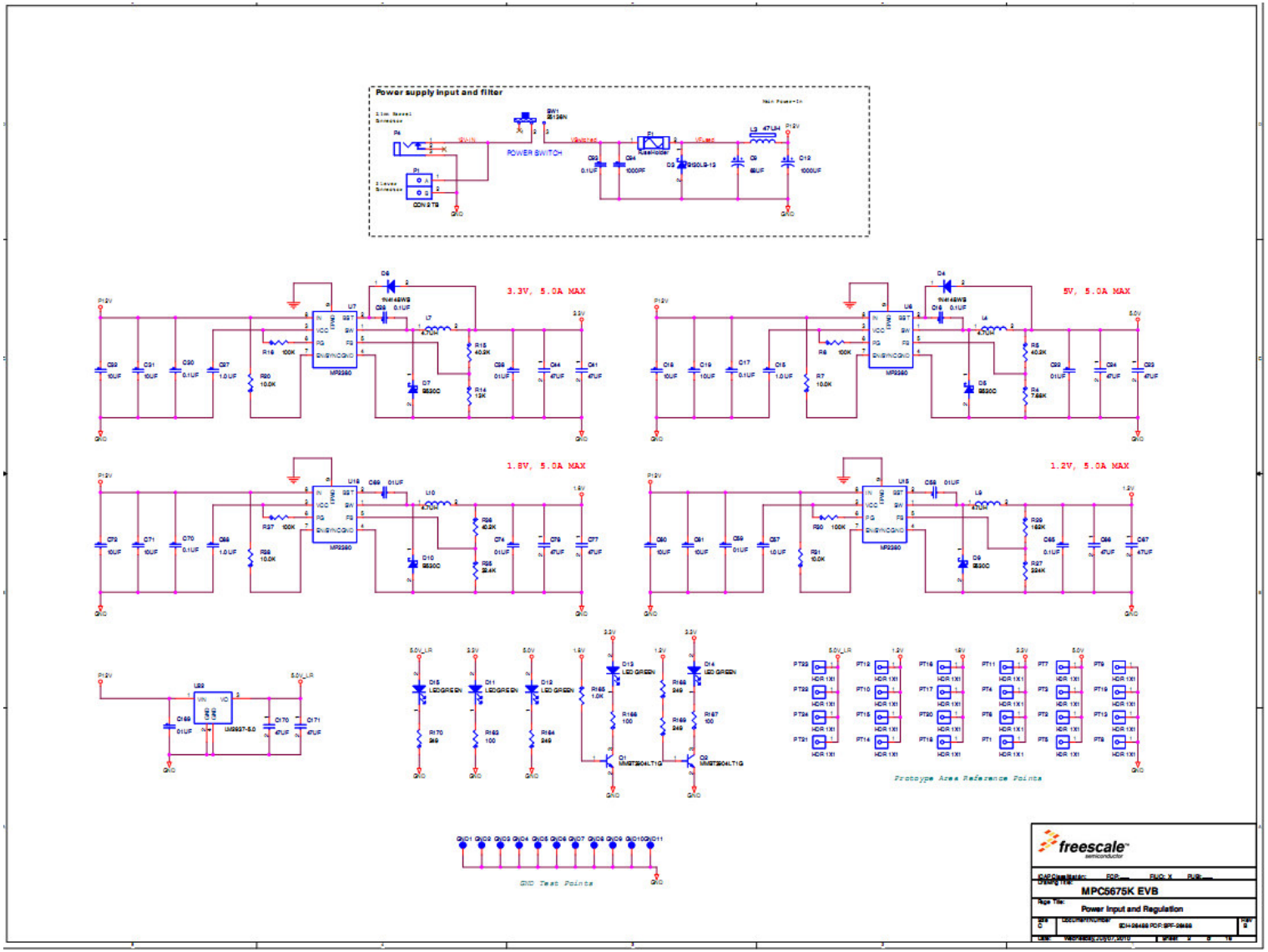
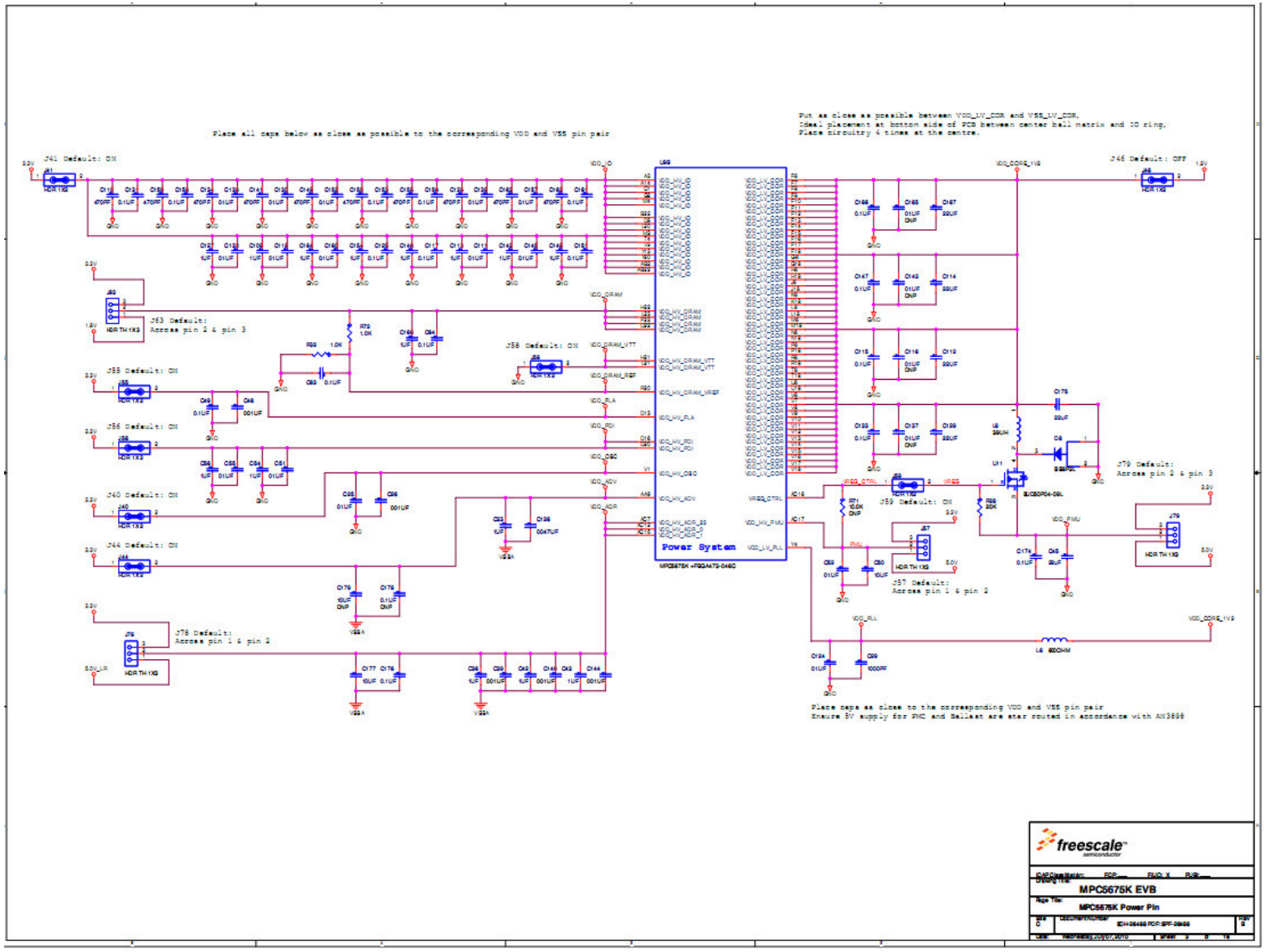
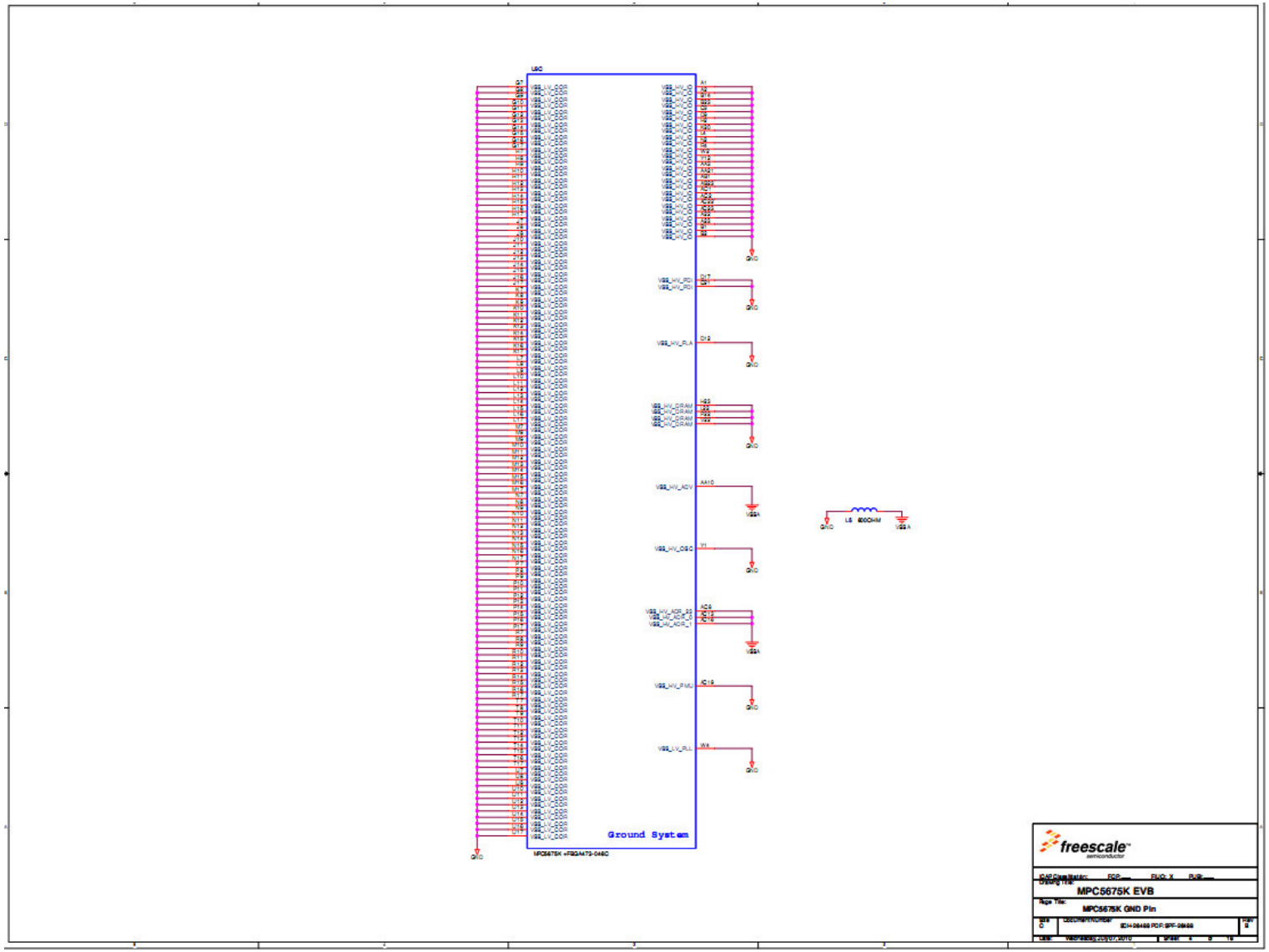
ICAP Classification: FCP: FIUO: X PUBI:

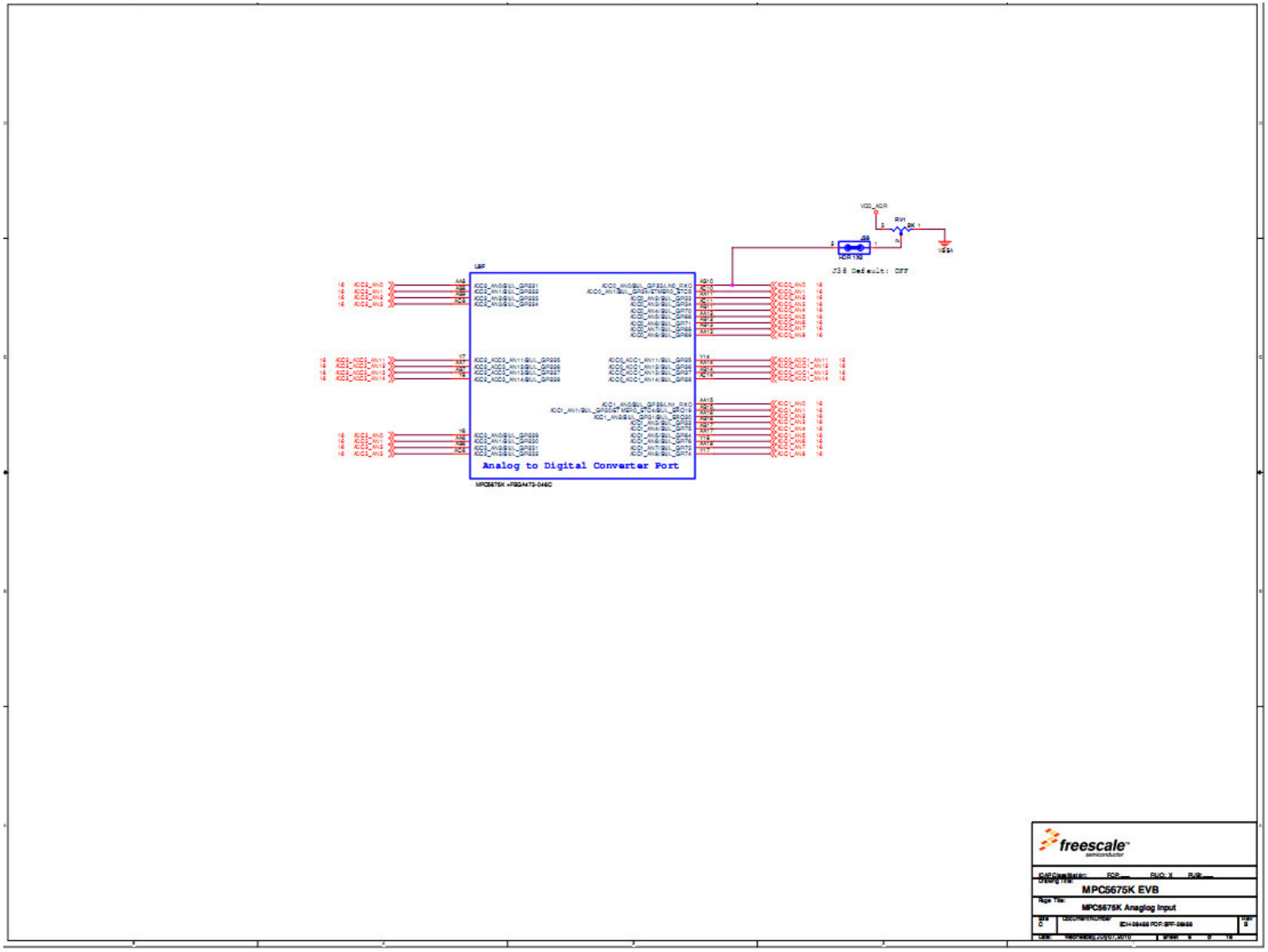
Designer: R60221 & B23443	Drawing Title: MPC5675K EVB		
Drawn by: R60221 & B23443	Page Title: TITLE PAGE		
Approved:	Size C	Document Number SCH-26488 PDF: SPF26488	Rev B
	Date: Thursday, July 08, 2010	Sheet 1 of 16	

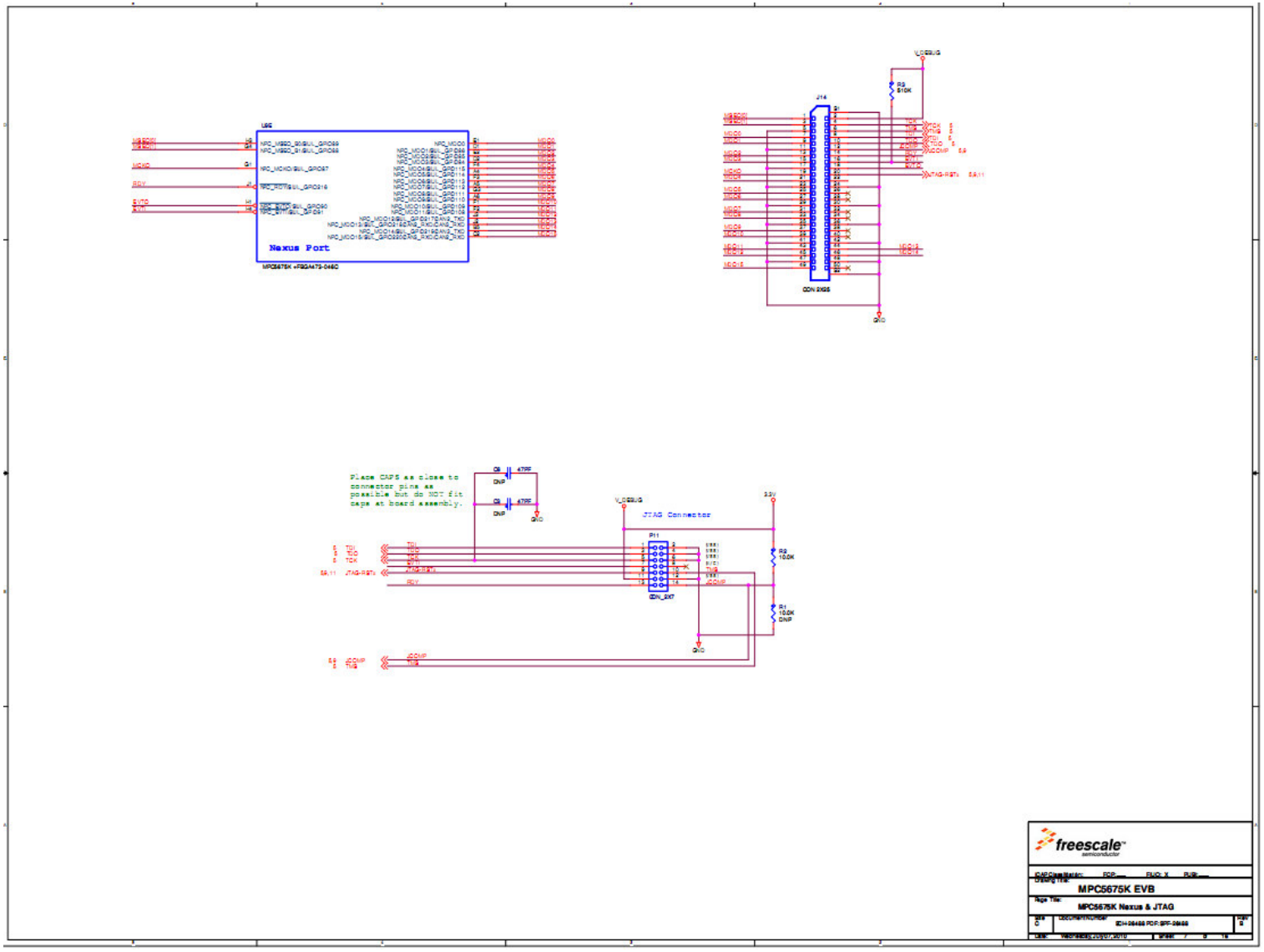

Power supply input and filter
POWER SWITCH
3.3V, 5.0A MAX
5V, 5.0A MAX
1.8V, 5.0A MAX
1.2V, 5.0A MAX
Prototype Area Reference Points
GND Test Points
freescale
MPC5675K EVB
Power Input and Regulation

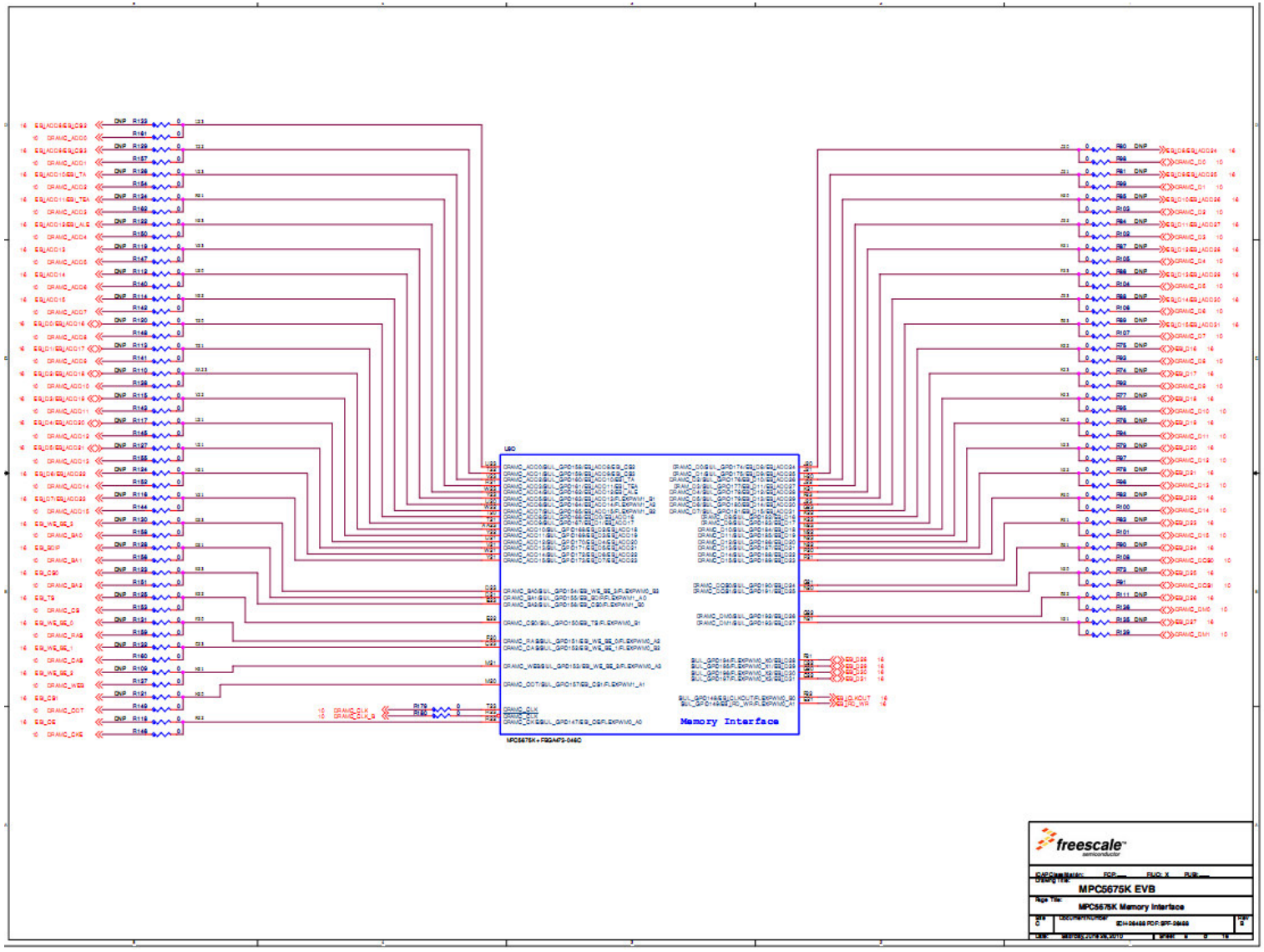

Place all caps below as close as possible to the corresponding VDD and VSS pin pair
Put as close as possible between VDD_LV_COR and VSS_LV_COR.
Ideal placement at bottom side of PCB between center ball matrix and IO ring.
Place circuitry 4 times at the centre.
Power System
MPC5675K
freescale
MPC5675K EVB
MPC5675K Power Pin
Place caps as close to the corresponding VDD and VSS pin pair
Ensure 5V supply for PMC and Ballast are star routed in accordance with AN3898

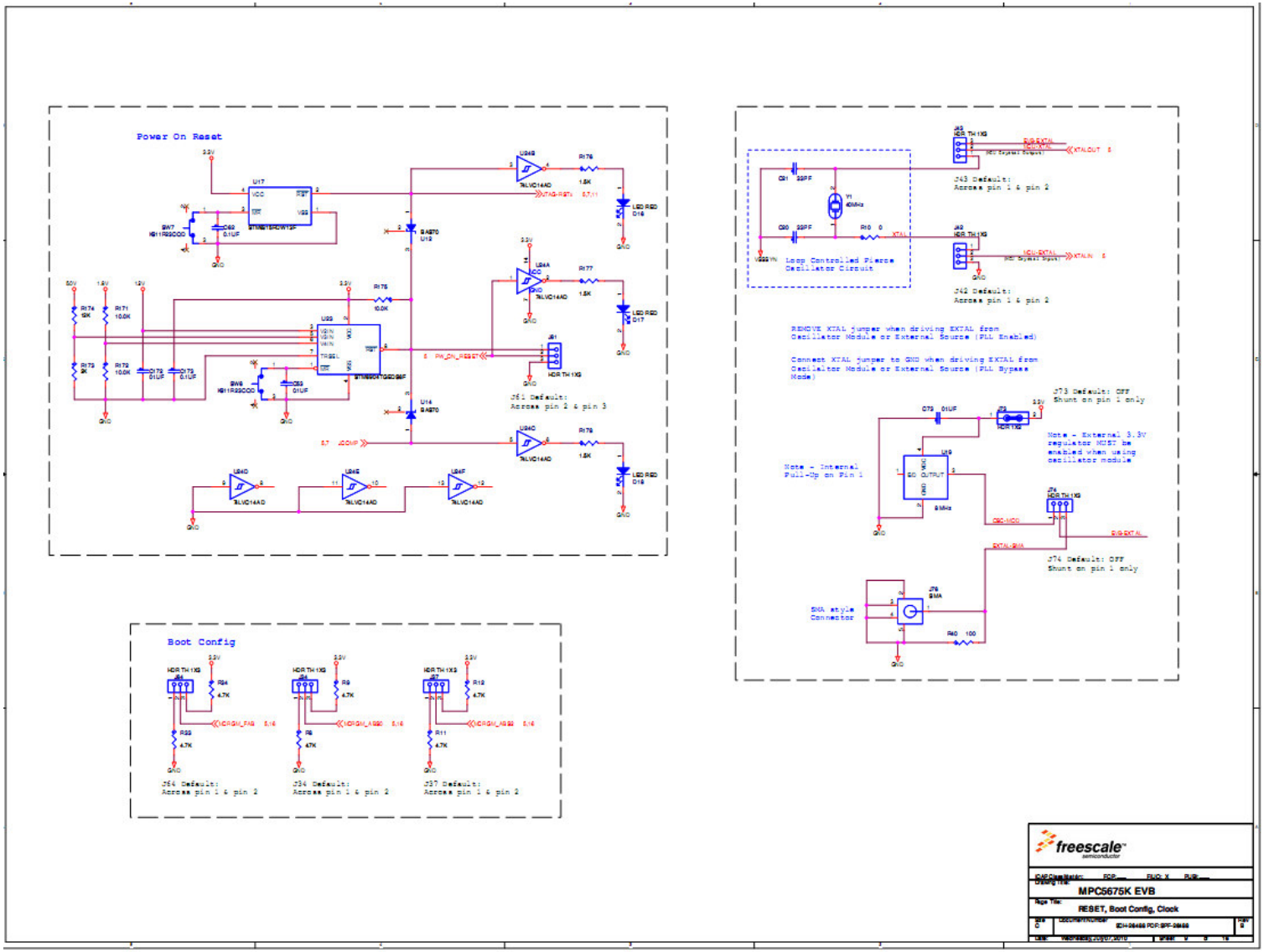

Ground System
MPC5675K GND Pin
MPC5675K EVB

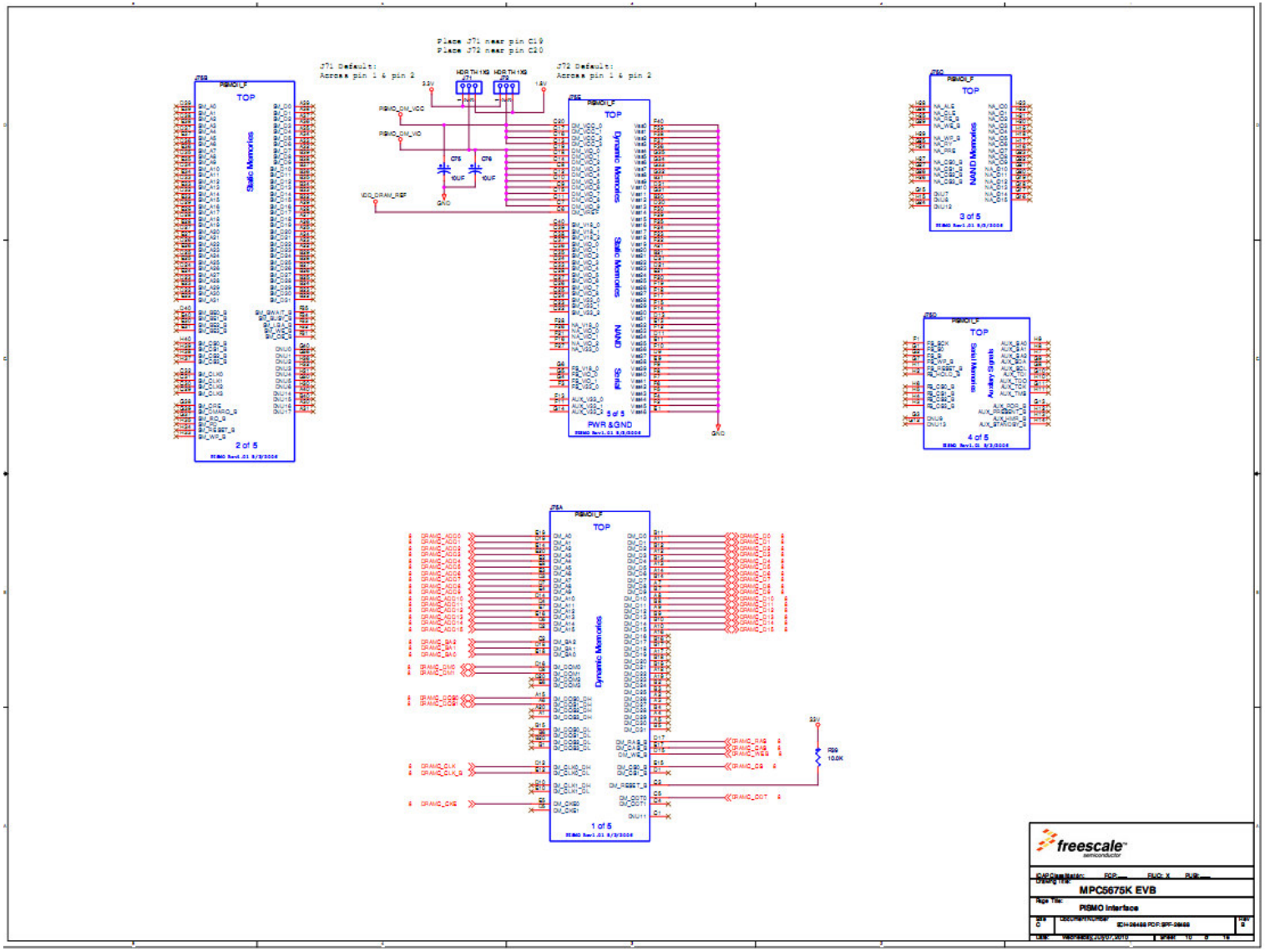

Miscellaneous Signals
freescale
MPC5675K EVB
MPC5675K Miscellaneous Signals

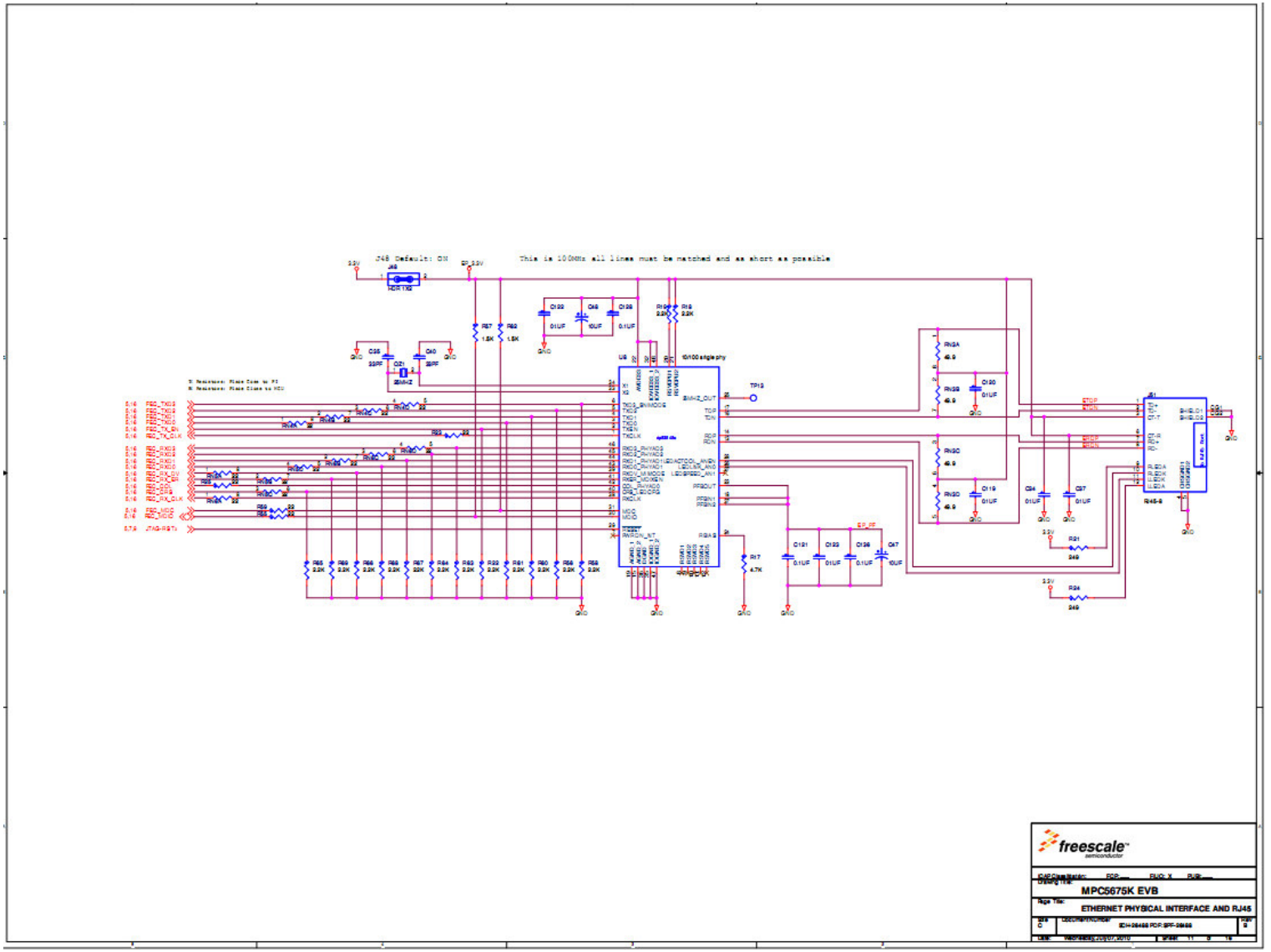

VDD_ADR
RV1
5K
VSSA
J38
HDR-1X2
J38 Default: OFF
U8F
Analog to Digital Converter Port
MPC5675K
freescale
semiconductor
MPC5675K EVB
MPC5675K Analog Input

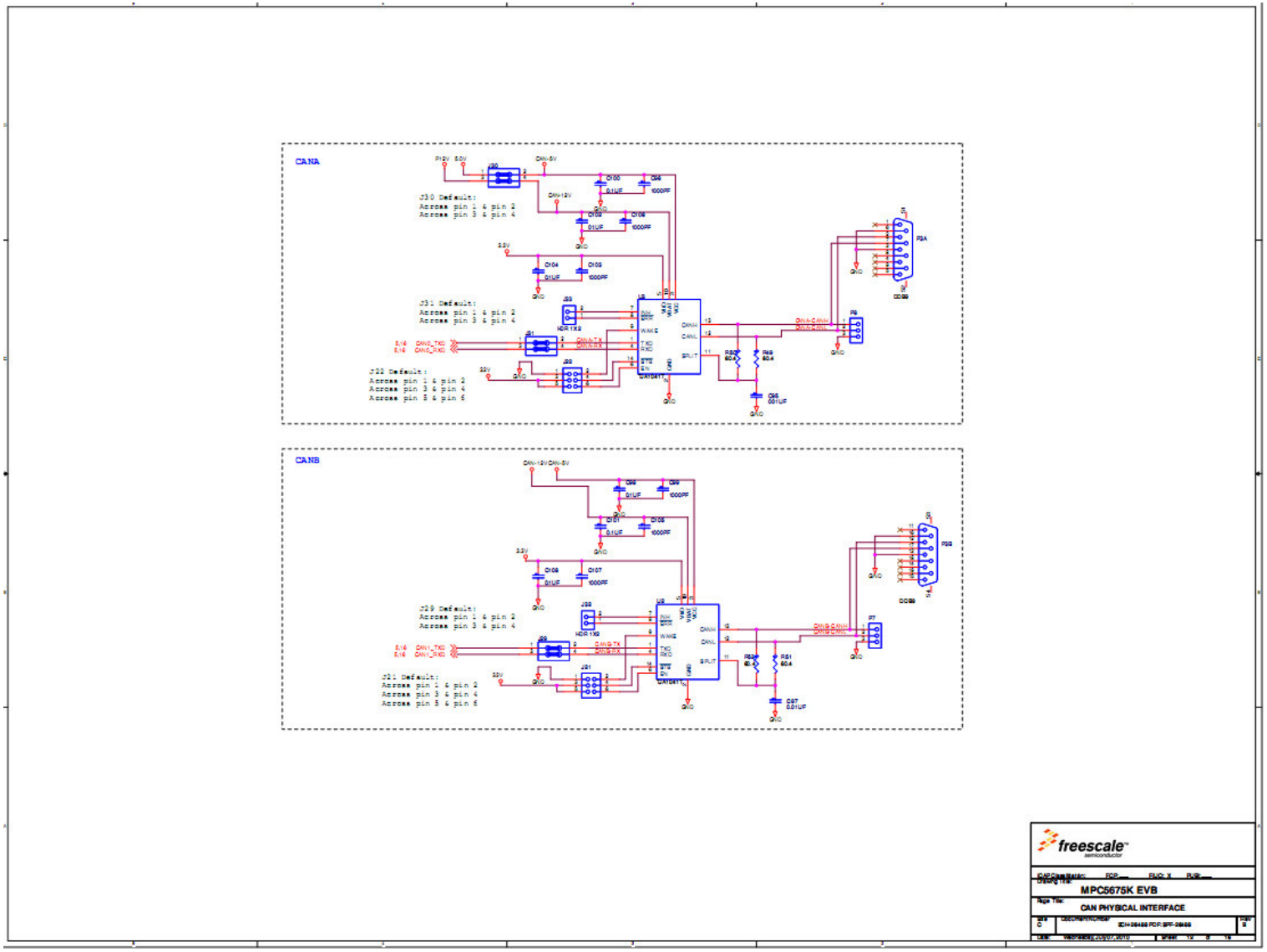

Nexus Port
JTAG Connector
Place CAPS as close to connector pins as possible but do NOT fit caps at board assembly.
freescale
MPC5675K EVB
MPC5675K Nexus & JTAG

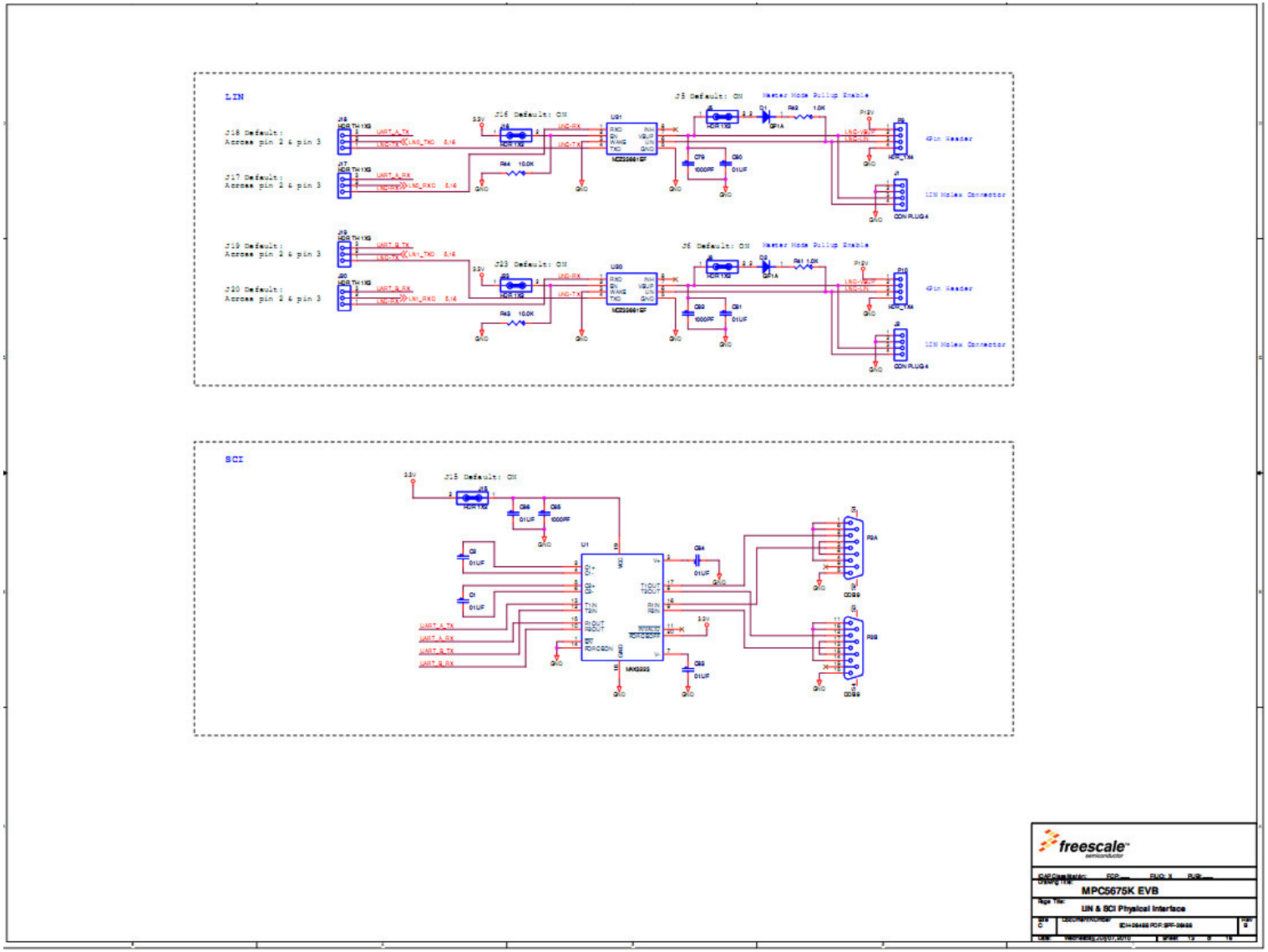

Memory Interface
freescale
MPC5675K EVB
MPC5675K Memory Interface

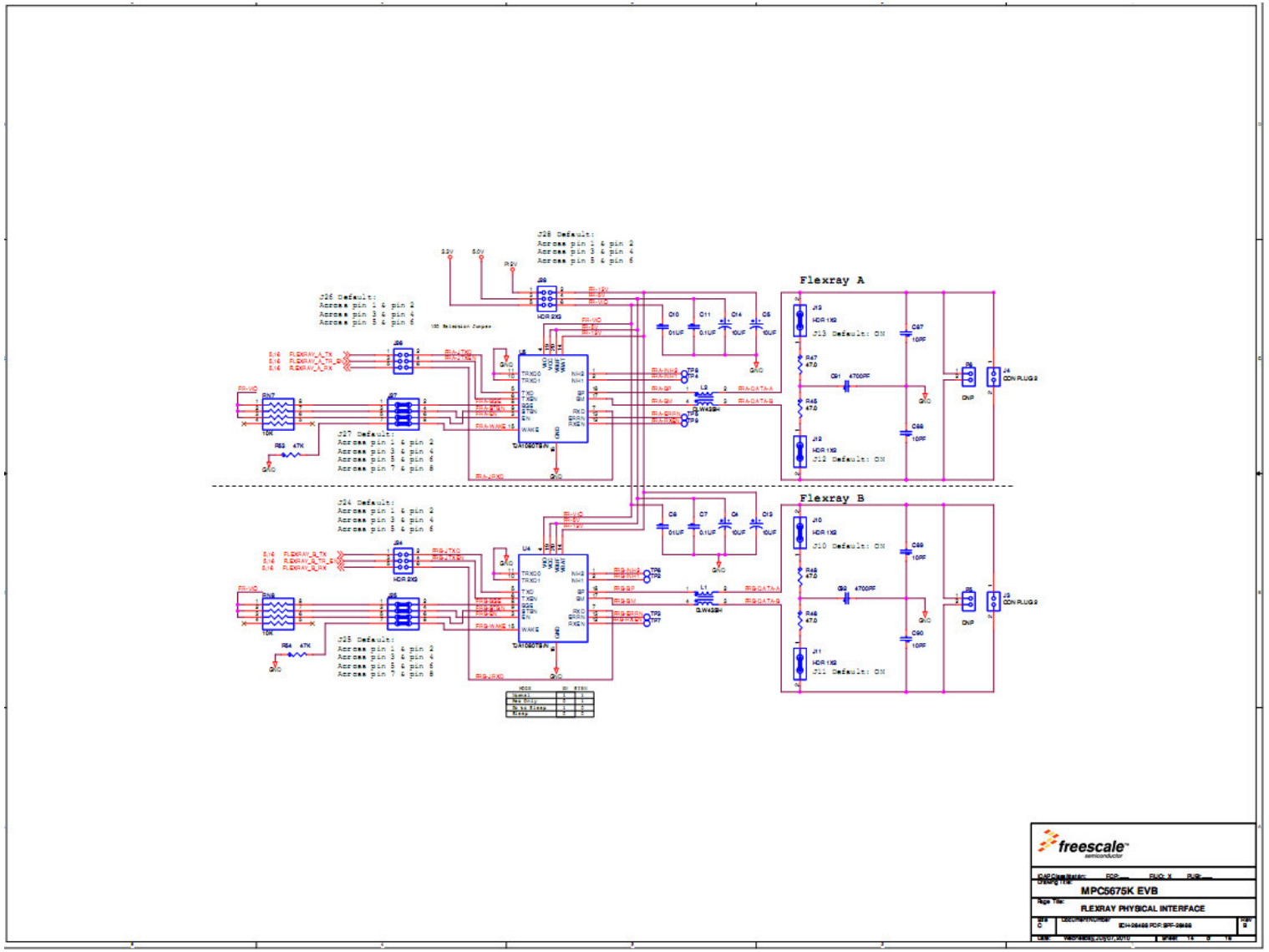

Power On Reset
Boot Config
MPC5675K EVB
RESET, Boot Config, Clock

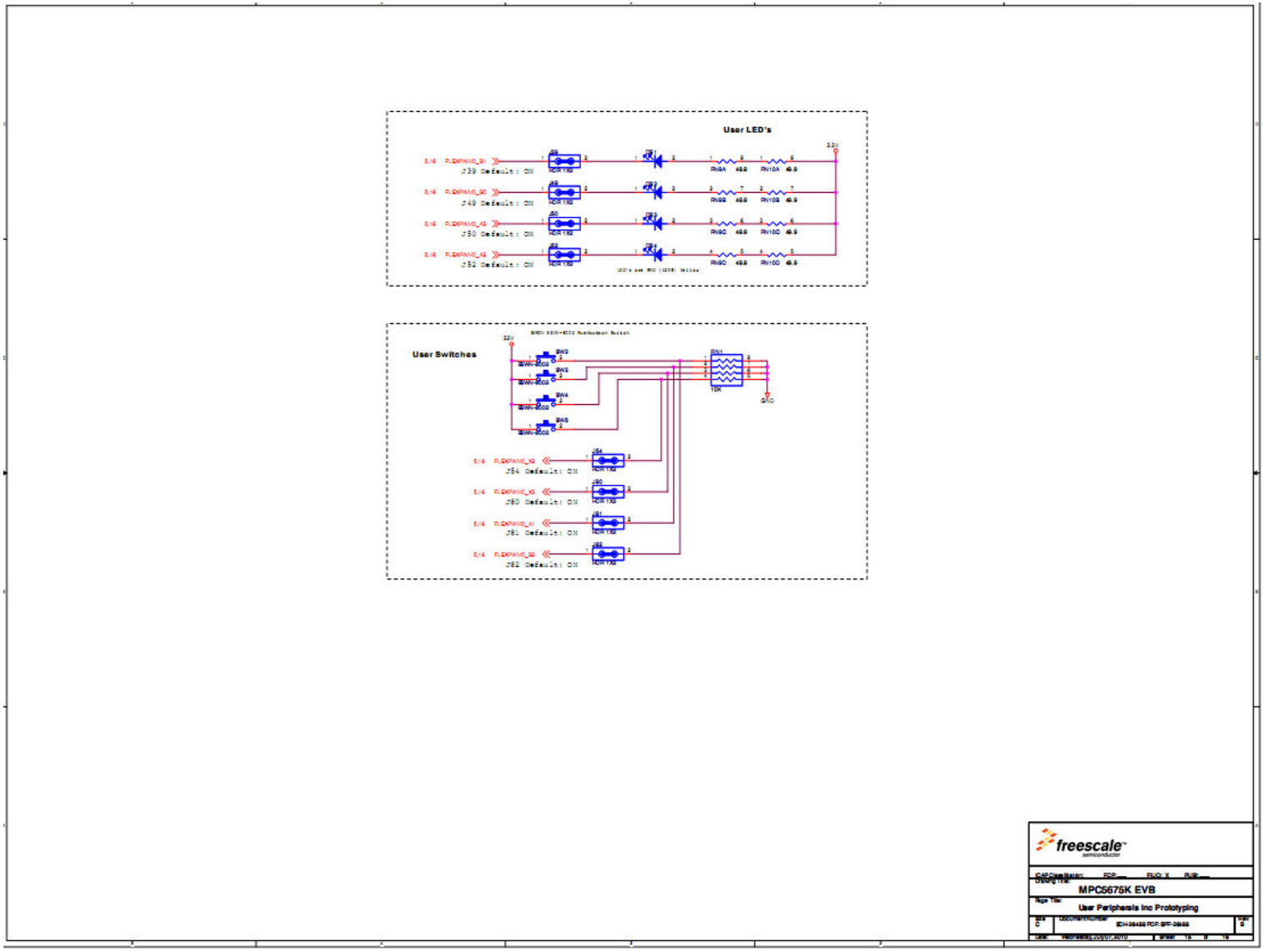

Place J71 near pin C19
Place J72 near pin C20
J71 Default:
Across pin 1 & pin 2
J72 Default:
Across pin 1 & pin 2
HDR_TH1X3
HDR_TH1X3
3.3V
1.8V
PSMO_DM_VCC
PSMO_DM_VIO
C75
C76
10UF
10UF
VDD_DRAM_REF
GND
PSMO_LF
TOP
Static Memories
2 of 5
Dynamic Memories
SRAM Memories
NAND
Shift
PWR &GND
5 of 5
NAND Memories
3 of 5
Auxiliary Signals
4 of 5
1 of 5
R99
10.0K
freescale
semiconductor
MPC5675K EVB
PSMO Interface

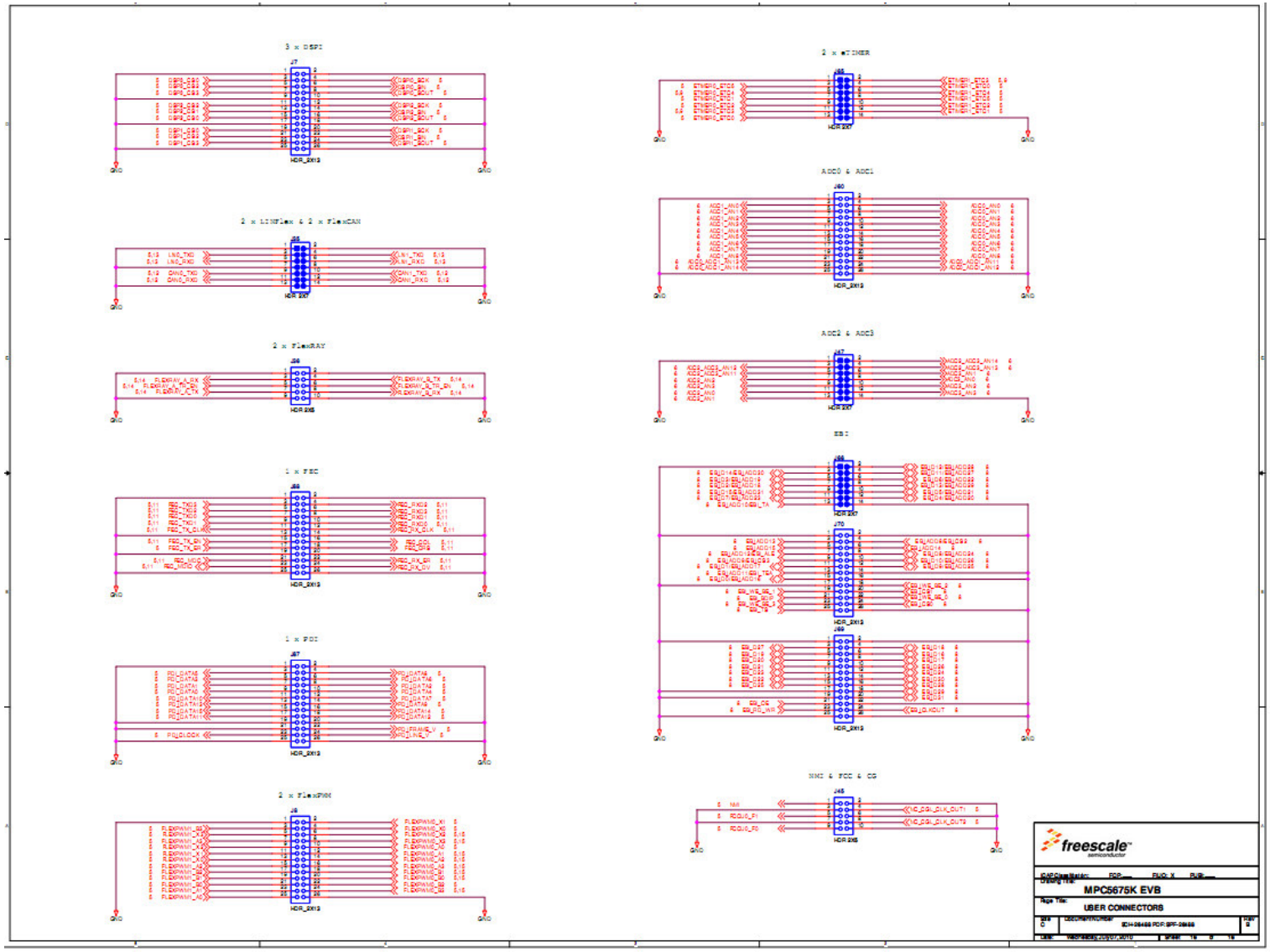

MPC5675K EVB
ETHERNET PHYSICAL INTERFACE AND RJ45


CANA
CANB
MPC5675K EVB
CAN PHYSICAL INTERFACE


LIN
SCI
MPC5675K EVB
LIN & SCI Physical Interface


Flexray A
Flexray B
MPC5675K EVB
FLEXRAY PHYSICAL INTERFACE


User LED's
User Switches
freescale
MPC5675K EVB
User Peripherals Inc Prototyping


3 x DSPI
2 x eTIMER
2 x LINFlex & 2 x FlexCAN
ADC0 & ADC1
2 x FlexRAY
ADC2 & ADC3
EBI
1 x FEC
1 x PSI
NMI & FCC & CG
2 x FlexPWM
freescale
MPC5675K EVB
USER CONNECTORS