

MMPF0100Z Errata for Mask 2N47F, 1N18J

Introduction

Device Revision Identification

This errata document applies to mask 2N47F, 1N18J SMARTMOS Products:

Table 1. Device Revision Identification

Part Number	Package	Version	Product Marking	Die ID
MMPF0100NPZES	56 Ld 8x8 QFN -WF-Type	PF0100	MMPF0100NPZES	2N47F
MMPF0100NPAZES	56 Ld 8x8 QFN -WF-Type	PF0100A	MMPF0100NPAZES	1N18J

Device Part Number Prefixes

Some device samples are marked with a PM prefix. A PM prefix indicates a prototype device which has undergone basic testing only. After full characterization and qualification, devices will be marked with the MM prefix.

General Description

This errata document applies to MMPF0100Z series.

Table 2. Definitions of Errata Severity

Errata Level	Meaning
High	Failure mode that severely inhibits the use of the device for all or a majority of intended applications.
Medium	Failure mode that might restrict or limit the use of the device for all or a majority of intended applications.
Low	Unexpected behavior that does not cause significant problems for the intended applications of the device.
Enhancement	Improvement made to the device due to previously found issues on the design.

Table 3. Errata for the MMPF0100Z

Errata No.	Erratum	Customer Impact	Description
Medium Severity			
ER19	<p>Startup: False start and/or non-start of regulators</p>	<p>When VIN starts, it ramps up from between 100 mV and 400 mV, the regulators may not startup and/or the buck regulator outputs can glitch high momentarily</p>	<p>Description: In applications without a valid voltage on the LICELL pin, when VIN starts its ramp from between 100 mV and 400 mV, there can be two failure symptoms:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Fuses may not load during startup for systems with VDDOTP = 0 V (OTP configuration) resulting in non-start of all PF0100 regulators. 2 During VIN ramp up, the top P-MOSFET of buck regulators may turn on while $1.0\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 2.1\text{ V}$. For VIN rise times less than 10 ms, buck regulator outputs can rise up to 1.0 V as VIN transitions from 1.0 V to 2.1 V. For VIN rise times greater than 10 ms, buck regulator outputs can rise up to 2.1 V as VIN transitions from 1.0 V to 2.1 V. <p>Workaround: The workaround consists of external components. Refer to Figure 1.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LDO: 1.3 V to 1.5 V LDO. NCP508 or similar. The LDO should have an enable threshold of 0.9 V or lesser, and a turn on time in the order of 10 μs. • Diode: BAS116 or similar. Diode is not required if no coin cell is present at LICELL. Only one 1.0 μF is required if no diode is used. <p>Notes: 1. Previously SIP21106, LX8211, MIC5205 or similar LDOs were suggested as workaround. While these will prevent symptom 1) mentioned above, they may not prevent symptom 2) since their enable threshold is above 1.0 V.</p>
			<p>Applies to: PF0100</p>
<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Figure 1. Workaround for ER19</p> </div>			

Table 3. Errata for the MMPF0100Z

Errata No.	Erratum	Customer Impact	Description	
Low Severity				
ER20	VGEN2: VGEN2 current limit not functional at VIN1 < 2.0 V	No current limit or short circuit protection for VGEN2 at VIN1 < 2.0 V	Description: For VIN1 < 2.0 V, current limit of VGEN2 LDO is higher than specification. The interrupt bit does not set in case of a fault.	
			Workaround: VIN1 > 2.0 V	
			Applies to: PF0100	Fix Plan/Status Fixed on PF0100A
ER21	SW1A/B and SW3A/B Regulators: Current sharing is not equal for SW1A/B and SW3A/B in dual phase mode.	Output ripple may be higher than specification at load currents greater than 1.25 A.	Description: The output ripple may be higher than specification at load currents greater than 1.25 A due to unequal current sharing between the two phases	
			Workaround: Do not use SW1A/B and SW3A/B in the dual phase configuration	
			Applies to: PF0100, PF0100A	Fix Plan/Status No fix scheduled
ER22	RESETBMCU: RESETBMCU fault mode generates a false fault signal when SWBST is used.	When SWBST is used without load in the AUTO mode, RESETBMCU may go low and trigger a false fault.	Description: When RESETBMCU is in fault mode (OTP_PG_EN bit = 1) and SWBST operates at light loads in AUTO mode, the SWBST inductor current may be limited by internal circuitry resulting in a false RESETBMCU signal.	
			The erratum does not apply if SWBST is not used.	
			Workaround: There are two workarounds for this erratum.	
			<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Do not turn on SWBST in the OTP sequence. Change operating mode of SWBST to APS before turning it on via software. 2 Replace the 2.2 μH inductor with a 4.7 μH on SWBST. 	
			Applies to: PF0100	Fix Plan/Status Fixed on PF0100A

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	2/2013	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Initial release
2.0	4/2014	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Updated Device Revision Identification table• Updated errata Fix Plan/Status for ER19, ER20 and ER22• Included SW1A/B to ER21

How to Reach Us:

Home Page:
freescale.com

Web Support:
freescale.com/support

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters that may be provided in Freescale data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications, and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "typicals," must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale sells products pursuant to standard terms and conditions of sale, which can be found at the following address: freescale.com/SalesTermsandConditions.

Freescale and the Freescale logo are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., Reg. U.S. Pat. & Tm. Off. SMARTMOS is a trademark of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2014 Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.